=> d his

```
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 06:29:17 ON 28 FEB 2000)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 06:29:22 ON 28 FEB 2000
L1
                STR
L2
             50 S L1
L3
              · STR
T.4
             50 S L3
L_5
                STR L3
L6
             50 S L5
         155687 S (46.195.39/RID OR 333.446.88/RID OR 333.446.96/RID) AND
L7
NRS>2
L8
             37 S (333.446.96/RID) AND NRS>2
          85727 S (46.195.39/RID OR 333.446.88/RID) AND NRS>3
L9
L10
          85764 S L8 OR L9
          20000 S L10 OR L10 RAN=(182937-89-9,)
L11
          20001 S L10 OR L10 RAN=(139290-83-8,182937-89-9)
L12
          20001 S L10 OR L10 RAN=(102386-27-6,139290-83-8)
20001 S L10 OR L10 RAN=(52546-67-5,102386-27-6)
L13
L14
          5765 S L10 OR L10 RAN=(,52546-67-5)
L15
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:17:13 ON 28 FEB 2000
          51529 S COMBINATORIAL? OR LIBRAR?
L16
           3128 S L11
L17
           5249 S L12
L18
L19
           6902 S L13
L20
          10835 S L14
          38947 S L15
L21
            291 S L16 AND (L17-L21)
L22
L23
             65 S L16(L)(L17-L21)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:25:19 ON 28 FEB 2000
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:25:25 ON 28 FEB 2000
                SET SMARTSELECT ON
                SET SMARTSELECT OFF
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:25:39 ON 28 FEB 2000
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:25:52 ON 28 FEB 2000
                 SET SMARTSELECT ON
            SEL L16 1-30000 RN : 51161 TERMS
L24
                SET SMARTSELECT OFF
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:31:38 ON 28 FEB 2000
L25
                STR
L26
                STR
L27
                STR L26
             50 S L25-L27
L28
         343876 S (46.195.39/RID OR 333.446/RID)
L29
L30
             50 S L25-L27 SSS SAM SUB=L29
L31
             50 S L25-L27
                SCR 1950
L32
L33
             50 S L25-L27 AND L32
             50 S L25-L27 NOT L32
L34
                     Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488
```

L35	62942 S L25-L27 AND L32 FUL
L36	87480 S L25-L27 NOT L32 FUL
L37	150422 S L35 OR L36
L38	45363 S L37 AND L10
L39	20000 S L38 OR L38 RAN=(142950-49-0,)
L40	20001 S L38 OR L38 RAN=(70285-53-9,142950-49-0)
L41	5364 S L38 OR L38 RAN=(,70285-53-9)
	,,
	FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:41:50 ON 28 FEB 2000
L42	18137 S L39-L41
L43	188 S L42 AND L16
L44	48 S L42(L)L16
	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:44:00 ON 28 FEB 2000
L45	STR
L46	0 S L45 SSS FUL SUB=L37
	FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 07:46:25 ON 28 FEB 2000
L47	O S L25 AND L45 FUL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:52:01 ON 28 FEB 2000

```
=> d que 144
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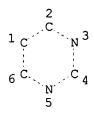
37 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (333.446.96/RID) AND NRS>2 L9 85727 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (46.195.39/RID OR 333.446.88/

RID) AND NRS>3

85764 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 OR L9 L10

L16 51529 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON COMBINATORIAL? OR LIBRAR?

L25



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

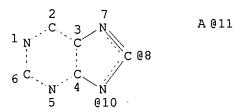
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT CONNECT IS E3 RC AT CONNECT IS E3 RC AT DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE



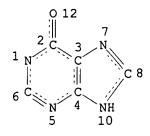
VPA 11-8/10 U NODE ATTRIBUTES: NSPEC IS RC AT 11 CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 2 CONNECT IS E3 RC AT DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L27 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 6
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 8
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L32 SCR 1950 L35 62942 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL (L25 OR L26 OR L27) AND L32 L36 87480 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL (L25 OR L26 OR L27) NOT L32 L37 150422 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L35 OR L36 45363 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L37 AND L10 L38 L39 20000 SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(142950-49-0,) ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 OR L38 L40 20001 SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(70285-53-9,142950-49-0) ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 OR L38 L41 5364 SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(,70285-53-9) ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 OR L38 L42 18137 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L39 OR L40 OR L41) L44 48 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L42(L)L16

=> d bib abs hitstr 144

```
ANSWER 1 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
AN
      2000:68479 HCAPLUS
DN
      132:122934
ΤI
      Preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries
IN
      Kahne, Daniel; Kerns, Robert; Fukuzawa, Seketsu; Ge, Min; Thompson,
      Christopher
PA
      Princeton University, USA
SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 159 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
      Patent
LΑ
      English
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                          KIND DATE
                                                  APPLICATION NO. DATE
      ______
                          ____
                                 -----
                                                  _____
                                               WO 1999-US15845 19990714
      WQ 2000004044
ΡI
                         A1
                                 20000127
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                          19980714
PRAI US 1998-150690
                          19990519
      US 1999-134839
      Glycopeptides A1-A2-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7 [A1 comprises a modified or unmodified
AΒ
      .alpha.-amino acid residue, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkanoyl, aroyl,
      aralkanoyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkyl,
      heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, quanidinyl,
      carbamoyl, or xanthyl; each of A2 to A7 comprises a modified or
unmodified
      .alpha.-amino acid residue, where (i) Al is linked to an amino group on
      A2, (ii) each of A2, A4 and A6 bears an arom. side chain which is
      cross-linked by two or more covalent bonds, and (iii) A7 bears a terminal
      carboxyl, ester, amide, or N-substituted amide group; one or more of Al
to
     A7 is linked via a glycosidic bond to one or more glycosidic groups each
      having one or more sugar residues, at least one of the sugar residues
      bearing one or more substituents of the formula YXR, N+R1:CR2R3,
      N:PR1R2R3, N+R1R2R3 or P+R1R2R3 in which Y is a single bond, O, NR1 or S;
      X is O, NR1, S, SO2, C(0)O, C(0)S, C(S)O, C(S)S, C(NR1)O, C(O)NR1, or
halo
      (in which case Y and R are absent); R, R1, R2, and R3 are H, alkyl, aryl,
      aralkyl, alkanoyl, aroyl, aralkanoyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,
      heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, or
      arylsulfonyl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts or a chem.
      library comprising a plurality of the glycopeptides of the invention were
      prepd. for use as antibiotics. Thus, glucose-C6 modified vancomycin
      derivs. were prepd. and assayed for antimicrobial activity (min.
      inhibitory concns. are tabulated).
      256350-47-7P 256350-49-9P 256350-75-1P
      256350-89-7P
      RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT
(Reactant);
                       Searched by John Dantzman
                                                           308-4488
```

SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their **combinatorial libraries**)

RN 256350-47-7 HCAPLUS

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

CM 1

CRN 256350-46-6

CMF C70 H79 C12 N13 O23 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

ρн

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

CM

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN 256350-49-9 HCAPLUS

INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED CN

CM

CRN 256350-48-8 CMF C70 H78 C12 N12 O24 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B NHMe

R Bu-i

ОН

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN 256350-75-1 HCAPLUS

INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED CN

> CM 1

CRN 256350-74-0 CMF C71 H79 C12 N11 O24 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

CM 2

76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN256350-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

> CM1

256350-88-6

CMF C84 H88 Cl3 N11 O24 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

PAGE 1-B

ОН

PAGE 2-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-B

PAGE 2-B

2 CM

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2

Searched by John Dantzman

IT 256350-74-0P 256350-88-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial

libraries)

RN 256350-74-0 HCAPLUS

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

RN 256350-88-6 HCAPLUS INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 2

```
ANSWER 2 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
AN
     1999:794249 HCAPLUS
DN
     132:31734
ΤI
     Normalized DNA libraries and method of preparation from environmental
     samples
ΙN
     Short, Jay M.; Mathur, Eric J.
PΑ
     Diversa Corporation, USA
SO
     U.S., 18 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,763,239.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 3
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                      ____
                            _____
                                           ______
     US 6001574
PΙ
                     Α
                            19991214
                                          US 1998-34724
                                                            19980304
                      Α
     <del>US 5763239</del>
                            19980609
                                          US 1996-665565
                                                            19960618
                     AA
A1
     CA 2258175
                            19971224
                                           CA 1997-2258175
                                                            19970618
     WO 99451/54
                            19990910
                                          WO 1999-US4917
                                                            19990304
         W: AU, CA, JP, MX
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
     AU 9928981
                            19990920
                                           AU 1999-28981
                                                            19990304
                       A1
PRAI US 1996-665565
                      19960618
     US 1998-34724
                      19980304
     WO 1999-US4917
                      19990304
     Disclosed is a process for forming a normalized genomic DNA library from
AΒ
     an environmental sample by (a) isolating a genomic DNA population from
the
     environmental sample; (b) at least one of (i) amplifying the copy no. of
     the DNA population so isolated and (ii) recovering a fraction of the
     isolated genomic DNA having a desired characteristic; and (c) normalizing
     the representation of various DNAs within the genomic DNA population so
     to form a normalized library of genomic DNA from the environmental
sample.
     Also disclosed is a normalized genomic DNA library formed from an
     environmental sample by the process. A process for prepg. a DNA library
     from an endosymbiont of the gill tissue of a clam and screening for
     activity is described. Thus, the 16S rRNA DNA from lysed samples was
```

activity is described. Thus, the 16S rRNA DNA from lysed samples was amplified by PCR and the amplified DNA was subjected to complexity anal. DNA was isolated by bis-benzimide/CsCl gradient and the selected DNA was normalized by denaturing and renaturing and sepn. of single from double-stranded DNA. The single-stranded DNA represents the rare or low-abundance nucleic acids and are used to generate libraries. An addnl.

example covers the construction of a stable, large insert picoplankton genomic DNA library from oceanog. samples.

IT 70755-49-6

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; normalized DNA libraries and method of prepn. from environmental samples)

RN 70755-49-6 HCAPLUS

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

CN Cytidine,

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-

(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 3

```
ANSWER 3 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
AN
     1999:736978 HCAPLUS
DN
     131:347465
ΤI
     Primers and probes for detection of genes in libraries and analysis of
     gene expression
IN
     Abdelatty, Fawzy
     Deutsches Krebsforschungszentrum Stiftung Des Offentlichen Rechts,
PA
Germany
     PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                             DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
                       ----
                             _____
     WO 9958712
                                            WO 1999-DE1423
PΙ
                       A2
                             19991118
                                                              19990511
         W: JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
     DE 19820982-
                                            DE 1998-19820982 19980512
                       A1
                             19991118
PRAI DE 1998-19820982 19980512
     The present invention relates to a method for detecting genes and the
     expression thereof, whereby DNA is amplified with gene-specific primers
     and the amplified DNA is used for hybridization purposes with a DNA
     library. The invention is based on the discovery that there are highly
     conserved CpG islands in the transcribed 5'-flanking regions of genes.
     These are found in genes of animals, plants and viruses. The sequences
     have a palindromic structure and contain a complete or fragmentary
     recognition sequence of rare-cutting restriction enzymes. Using these
     oligonucleotides as primers, gene fragments may be amplified and the amplified fragments used to detect genes or analyze gene expression.
     Thus, using probes generated from human X chromosome-contg. mouse cell
     line 578, genes in an X chromosome gene library were identified.
     82709-23-7, Ggccggcc
ΙT
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); PRP
     (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC
     (Process); USES (Uses)
        (PCR primer/FseI restriction site; primers and probes for detection of
        genes in libraries and anal. of gene expression)
     82709-23-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cytidine,
CN
2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 2-C

 \sim NH₂

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

ΙT **122414-09-9**, Cgccggcg

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(PCR primer/SgrAI restriction site; primers and probes for detection

of

genes in libraries and anal. of gene expression)

RN 122414-09-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-

(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-

(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA

INDEX

NAME)

Searched by John Dantzman

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

IT 103739-37-3, Gcccgggc

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(PCR primer/SrfI restriction site; primers and probes for detection of genes in libraries and anal. of gene expression)

RN 103739-37-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine,

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 4

```
ANSWER 4 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
     1999:659525 HCAPLUS
DN
     131:282400
TΙ
     Method for producing libraries of expressible gene sequences using coding
     region-specific primers and enzymic insertion into expression vectors
     Fernandez, Joseph Manuel; Heyman, John Alastair; Hoeffler, James Paul;
IN
     Marks-Hull, Heather Lynn; Sindici, Michelle Lynn
PA Invitrogen, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
     WO 9951766
                            19991014
                                           WO 1999-US7270
                       Α1
                                                            19990402
        W: AU, CA, JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
     AU 9935482
                            19991025
                                           AU 1999-35482
                       Α1
                                                            19990402
PRAI US 1998-54936
                      19980403
     WO 1999-US7270
                      19990402
AΒ
     Claimed is a method for producing libraries of expressible gene sequences
     comprising: (a) amplifying a plurality of coding regions using at least
     one coding region specific primer, (b) inserting each coding region into
     an expression vector, and (c) verifying the size and orientation of the
     inserted coding region. The method of the invention allows for the
     simultaneous manipulation of multiple gene sequences and thus allows
     libraries to be created in an efficient and high throughput manner. The
     expression vectors contg. verified gene sequences can be used to
     cells for the prodn. of recombinant proteins. The invention further
     comprises libraries of expressible gene sequences produced using the
     method of the invention and expression vectors used in the construction
of
     said libraries.
IT
     246024-69-1
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (5'-primer; producing libraries of expressible gene sequences
        using coding region-specific primers and enzymic insertion into
        expression vectors)
RN
     246024-69-1 HCAPLUS
     Guanosine, 2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-
CN
     (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-
     (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-B

ORDER
NH2

IT 246024-70-4

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Topo-4 oligonucleotide; producing **libraries** of expressible Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

gene sequences using coding region-specific primers and enzymic insertion into expression vectors)

RN 246024-70-4 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine,
2'-deoxy-5'-O-phosphonoadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 5

```
ANSWER 5 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
ΑN
     1999:614469 HCAPLUS
DN
     132:768
TΙ
     Isolation of altered specificity mutants of the single-chain 434
repressor
     that recognize asymmetric DNA sequences containing the TTAA and TTAC
     subsites
ΑU
     Simoncsits, Andras; Tjornhammar, Marie-Louise; Wang, Shenglun; Pongor,
     Sandor
     International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (ICGEB),
CS
     Trieste, I-34012, Italy
     Nucleic Acids Res. (1999), 27(17), 3474-3480
SO
     CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048
PR
     Oxford University Press
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AR
     A novel single-chain (s.c.) protein framework contg. covalently dimerized
     DNA-binding domains (DBD) of the phage 434 repressor was used to
     combinatorial mutant libraries to isolate mutant DBDs with altered
     specificities. The library members contain one wild-type DBD and one
     mutant domain with randomized amino acids in the DNA-contacting region.
     Based on previous studies, the mutant s.c. derivs. are expected to
     recognize a general ACAA-6 bp-NNNN sequence, where ACAA is contacted by
     the wild-type and NNNN by the mutant domain. In principle, any sequence
     can stand for NNNN and serve as a selection target. Here an in vivo
     library screening method was used to isolate mutant s.c. repressors that
     interact with an asym. operator contg. the TTAA target. Several mutants
     showed high affinity in vitro binding to operators contg. the target and
     strong (up to 80-fold) preference for the TTAA target over the wild-type
            Specificity studies revealed that certain mutants bound with
     substantially higher affinities (Kd .apprx. 10-11 M) to operators contg.
     the TTAC sequence, a close homolog of the TTAA target. Thus, the authors
     have fortuitously isolated mutant s.c. repressors that show up to a
     several hundred-fold preference for TTAC over TTGT.
ΙT
     158325-10-1
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (isolation of mutant single-chain 434 repressor that recognize asym.
        DNA sequences contg. TTAA and TTAC subsites from combinatorial
      library)
RN
     158325-10-1 HCAPLUS
     Adenosine, 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
CN
     deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-, double-stranded complementary
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 47921-42-6

CMF C40 H50 N17 O21 P3 CDES 5:ALL, B-D-ERYTHRO

$$H_{2N}$$
 H_{N}
 H_{N}

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 47918-46-7

CMF C39 H51 N12 O23 P3

CDES 5:ALL, B-D-ERYTHRO

Absolute stereochemistry.

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

PAGE 2-A

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 6

L44 ANSWER 6 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:596166 HCAPLUS

DN 132:22896

TI Synthesis and Preliminary Evaluation of a Library of Polycyclic Small Molecules for Use in Chemical Genetic Assays

AU Tan, Derek S.; Foley, Michael A.; Stockwell, Brent R.; Shair, Matthew D.; Schreiber, Stuart L.

CS Howard Hughes Medical Institute Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology and Harvard Institute of Chemistry and Cell Biology, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA, 02138, USA

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1999), 121(39), 9073-9087 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

GΙ

of

ΙT

Ι

AB (-)-Shikimic acid, was converted into both enantiomers of 2-hydroxyoxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ene-4-carboxylic acid which were attached

to a solid support via a photocleavable linker. Tandem acylation-1,3-dipolar cycloaddn. with nitrones yielded tetracyclic templates I. After development of several efficient coupling reactions

I and completion of extensive validation protocols, a split-pool synthesis

yielded a binary encoded library calcd. to contain 2.18 million polycyclic

compds. These compds. are compatible with miniaturized cell-based forward

chem. genetic assays designed to explore biol. pathways and reverse chem. genetic assays designed to explore protein function. As a simple illustration of the potential of these compds., several were shown to activate a TGF-.beta.-responsive reporter gene in mammalian cells. 213030-16-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of a alkynylbenzyl(acyloxy)benzisoxazoledicarboxamide Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

library for use in genetic assays)
213030-16-1 HCAPLUS

RN

4-Pyrimidinecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-2,6-dioxo-, (3S,3aR,4S,4aS,5aS,6aS)-6a-[[(6-amino-6-oxohexyl)amino]carbonyl]-2-[[2-CN (3,3-dimethyl-1-butynyl)phenyl]methyl]octahydro-3-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]carbonyl]oxireno[f]-1,2-benzisoxazol-4-yl

ester

(CA INDEX NAME) (9CI)

Absolute stereochemistry.

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 7

L44 ANSWER 7 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:514950 HCAPLUS

DN 131:257793

TI Synthesis of polyamino-oligonucleotides and their combinatorial libraries

AU Markiewicz, Wojciech T.; Godzina, Przemyslaw; Markiewicz, Maria

CS Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Poznan, PL-61704, Pol.

SO Nucleosides Nucleotides (1999), 18(6 & 7), 1449-1454 CODEN: NUNUD5; ISSN: 0732-8311

PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB A symposium on synthesis of phosphoramidites of 2'-deoxyadenosine and 2'-deoxyguanosine carrying a protected spermine moiety at N-6 and N-2 positions resp. An approach to analyze properties of polyamino-oligonucleotides using their synthetic combinatorial libraries is described and discussed. A synthesis of a polyamino-oligonucleotide combinatorial library was carried out and the anal. of the library clearly

showed that the presence of spermine moieties in oligodeoxyribonucleotides

increases stability of their complexes.

IT 153527-28-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis of polyamino-oligonucleotides and their
 combinatorial libraries)

RN 153527-28-7 HCAPLUS

CN Inosine,

5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-2-fluoro-6-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

IT 244639-84-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of polyamino-oligonucleotides and their

combinatorial libraries)

RN 244639-84-7 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-[3-

[(trifluoroacetyl)[4-[(trifluoroacetyl)[3-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]propyl]a mino]butyl]amino]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 8

```
ANSWER 8 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
     1999:397364 HCAPLUS
DN
     131:228582
ΤI
     Synthesis and application of functionally diverse 2,6,9-trisubstituted
    purine libraries as CDK inhibitors
    Chang, Young-Tae; Gray, Nathanael S.; Rosania, Gustavo R.; Sutherlin,
ΑU
     Daniel P.; Kwon, Soojin; Norman, Thea C.; Sarohia, Radhika; Leost,
Maryse;
    Meijer, Laurent; Schultz, Peter G.
     Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and the Howard Hughes Medical
CS
     Institute, Department of Chemistry, University of California, Berkeley,
     CA, 94720, USA
     Chem. B(ol. (1999)) 6(6), 361-375
SO
     CODEN: CBOLE2; ISSN: 1074-5521
PB
     Current Biology Publications
DT
    Journal
LA
    English
    Purines constitute a structural class of protein ligands involved in
AB
    mediating an astonishing array of metabolic processes and signal pathways
     in all living organisms. Synthesis of purine derivs. targeting specific
    purine-binding proteins in vivo could lead to versatile lead compds. for
     use as biol. probes or drug candidates. We synthesized several libraries
     of 2,6,9-trisubstituted purines using both soln. - and solid-phase chem.,
     and screened the compds. for inhibition of cyclin-dependent kinase (CDK)
     activity and human leukemic cell growth. Lead compds. were optimized by
     iterative synthesis based on structure-activity relationships (SARs), as
    well as anal. of several CDK-inhibitor cocrystal structures, to afford
    several interesting compds. including one of the most potent {\tt CDK}
     inhibitors known to date. Unexpectedly, some compds. with similar CDK
     inhibitory activity arrested cellular proliferation at distinctly
     different phases of the cell cycle, and another inhibitor directly
induced
     apoptosis, bypassing cell-cycle arrest. Some of these compds.
selectively
     inhibited growth of cells derived from specific tumors.
     2,6,9-Trisubstituted purines have various and potent biol. activities,
    despite high concns. of competing endogenous purine ligands in living
     cells. Purine libraries constitute a versatile source of small mols.
that
     affect distinct biochem. pathways mediating different cellular functions.
IT
    244030-64-6P
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
        (synthesis and application of functionally diverse
2,6,9-trisubstituted
       purine libraries as CDK inhibitors)
     244030-64-6 HCAPLUS
     2-Piperidineethanol,
1-[6-[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]-9-(1-methylethyl)-9H-
    purin-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 9

```
ANSWER 9 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
AN
      1999:355787 HCAPLUS
DN
      131:1474
TΙ
      Secreted proteins from human and murine cDNA libraries
      Jacobs, Kenneth; McCoy, John M.; Lavallie, Edward R.; Collins-Racie, Lisa
IN
      A.; Evans, Cheryl; Merberg, David; Treacy, Maurice; Agostino, Michael J.;
      Steininger, Robert J., II; Wong, Gordon G.; Clark, Hilary F.; Fechtel,
Kim
PΑ
      Genetics Institute, Inc., USA
SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT 1
                          KIND DATE
      PATENT NO.
                                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
                           ____
                                  _____
                                                     ______
                                              WO 1998-US25149 19981124
    WO 9926961 A1 19990603
          9926961
Al 19990603
WO 1998-US25149 19981124
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                           A1 19990615
                                                   AU 1999-15363 19981124
      AU 9915363
                           19971126
PRAI US 1997-66804
      US 1998-197886
                           19981123 \ \nu
      US 1997-PV66804 19971126
WO 1998-US25149 19981124
      Novel polynucleotides and the proteins encode thereby are disclosed.
AΒ
      Nucleotide and amino acid sequences are reported for full-length clones
      isolated using methods which are selective for human cDNAs encoding
      secreted proteins. Nine clones were isolated from human fetal kidney and
      brain, and human adult lung, kidney, brain (corpus callosum), brain
      (substantia nigra), blood (chronic myelogenous leukemia K5), and testes
      cDNA libraries; a single clone is provided from a murine adult bone
marrow
      (stromal cell line FCM-4) cDNA library. Recombinant prodn. of the
      secreted proteins and their mature forms can be achieved by std.
      techniques, and the proteins may have biol. activities (no data) useful
      for therapeutic applications.
ΙT
      73519-76-3P
      RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic
      use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
          (secreted proteins from human and murine cDNA libraries)
      73519-76-3 HCAPLUS
RN
      Cytidine,
CN
2'-deoxyquanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
      2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-
      (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.
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Searched by John Dantzman . 308-4488

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 10

```
ANSWER 10 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
     1999:42619 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     130:110283
ΤI
     Nucleobase heterocyclic combinatorialization
     Cook, Phillip Dan; An, Haoyun; Guinosso, Charles J.; Fraser, Allister S.;
ΙN
     Kawasaki, Andrew M.
     Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 129 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                                 APPLICATION NO.
                         ----
                                _____
                                                 _____
                                                 WO 1998-US13666 19980630
     WO 9900669
                         A1
                                19990107
PΤ
          W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
              NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
              UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
              FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
              CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                AU 1998-81791
                                                                     19980630
                                19990119
     AU 9881791
                          Α1
                         19970630
PRAI US 1997-884873
     WO 1998-US13666 19980630
GI
```

$$R-N$$
 $N-L_n$

AB Mixts. of title compds. [I; Ln = alkyl, alkynyl, carbocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R = C6H5, 2-pyrimidyl, 2-purinyl, etc.] are prepd., preferably in soln. phase from the reaction of a purine or pyrimidine heterocyclic scaffold with a set of related chem. substituents, optionally

through employment of a tether moiety, having antibacterial and other biol. activities per se and are articles of commerce. Thus, the title compd. I (Ln = 2-(4-BOC-1-piperazinyl-6-aminopyrimidyl); R = BOC) was prepd. from 2,4,6-trichloropyrimidine and I (R = H; Ln = BOC).

IT 219688-02-5P 219688-03-6P 219688-51-4P 219688-84-3P 219688-88-7P 219688-92-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant);

SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (combinatorialization of nucleobase heterocyclic)

RN 219688-02-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[9-[2-[4-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]-6-(1-piperazinyl)-9H-purin-2-yl]-,

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-A

— OBu−t

RN 219688-03-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9-[2-[4-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]-9H-purin-2-yl]-, 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA-INDEX NAME)

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

PAGE 1-B

- OBu-t

RN 219688-51-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid,
4-[4-(1-piperazinyl)-6-(1-piperazinylmethyl)2-pyrimidinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219688-84-3 HCAPLUS
CN Pyrimidine, 4-chloro-2,6-bis[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

RN 219688-88-7 HCAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2,6-bis[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]-, hydrazone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219688-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2,6-bis[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) -

IT 219688-04-7P 219688-05-8P 219688-06-9P

219688-07-0P 219688-08-1P 219688-09-2P 219688-10-5P 219688-11-6P 219688-12-7P

219688-13-8P 219688-14-9P 219688-56-9P

219688-78-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(combinatorialization of nucleobase heterocyclic)

219688-04-7 HCAPLUS RN

1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-CN oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-(1-piperazinyl)-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219688-05-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219688-06-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[(3-cyanophenyl)methyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & &$$

RN 219688-07-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[(3-nitrophenyl)methyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219688-08-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-

oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9Hpurin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219688-09-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & &$$

RN 219688-10-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[2-(3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 219688-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[2-[(5-methyl-3-isoxazolyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

-- OBu-t

RN

219688-12-7 HCAPLUS
1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[6-[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-[4-[2-(cycloheptylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- OBu-t

RN 219688-13-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[2,6-bis[4-[2-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 219688-14-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetamide, N-2-benzothiazolyl-4-[9-[2-oxo-2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]-2-(1-piperazinyl)-9H-purin-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

219688-56-9 HCAPLUS
Pyrimidine, 2,4-di-1-piperazinyl-6-(1-piperazinylmethyl)-,
hexahydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

HC1

RN 219688-78-5 HCAPLUS

1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4,4'-[6-[2,6-dioxo-4-(phenylmethyl)-1-CN piperazinyl]-2,4-pyrimidinediyl]bis-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 219687-96-4P 219687-98-6P 219688-00-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (combinatorialization of nucleobase heterocyclic)

RN 219687-96-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[9-[2-[4-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]-2-(1-piperazinyl)-9H-purin-6-yl]-, 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219687-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2,6-di-1-piperazinyl-9H-purin-9-yl)acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 219688-00-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4,4'-[9-[2-[4-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]-9H-purine-2,6-diyl]bis-, bis(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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=> d bib abs hitstr 144 12
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ANSWER 12 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN 1998: 164791 HCAPLUS
DN 129:260801
TΙ
     Synthesis and hybridization analysis of a small library of peptide
     oligonucleotide conjugates
ΑU
     Harrison, Joseph G.; Balasubramanian, Shankar
     University Chemical Laboratory, Cambridge University, Cambridge, CB2 1
CS
EW.
     Nucleic Acids Res. (1998) 26(13), 3136-3145
SO
     CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048
PΒ
     Oxford University Press
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AΒ
     A small library of 49 peptide-oligonucleotide conjugates were synthesized
     to explore the influence of various peptide side chains on the
     hybridization properties of the DNA. An invariant 8mer oligonucleotide
     was coupled to a peptide portion that contained a five residue variable
     region composed of the cationic amino acids lysine, ornithine, histidine
     and arginine, the hydrophobic amino acid tryptophan, and alanine as a
     spacer. Melting temp. anal. indicated that Tm depended principally on
the
     no. of cationic residues. The free energies of binding for polycationic
     peptide-oligonucleotides were enhanced compared with the unmodified 8mer.
     The origin of this stabilizing effect was found to be derived from a more
     exothermic enthalpic term. Improvement in .DELTA.GvH was found to depend
     on the presence of pos. charge and also the exact identity of the
cationic
     amino acid, with the polyarginine peptide giving the most favorable
     .DELTA.GvH value and the most exothermic .DELTA.HvH. Further exploration
     suggested that the cationic peptide fragments interacted mainly with
     single-stranded rather than duplex DNA. A study of pH dependence showed
     that the polyhistidine conjugate was particularly sensitive to pH changes
     near neutrality, as indicated by a significant rise in Tm from
     19.5.degree. at pH 8.0 to 28.5.degree. at pH 6.0.
     212901-54-7P 212901-55-8P 212901-56-9P
     212901-57-0P 212901-58-1P 212901-59-2P
     212901-60-5P 212901-65-0P 212901-68-3P
     212901-72-9P 212901-78-5P 212901-85-4P
     212901-86-5P 212901-87-6P 212901-89-8P
     212901-91-2P 212902-04-0P 212902-05-1P
     212902-06-2P 212902-21-1P 212902-66-4P
     212902-81-3P 212903-04-3P 212903-37-2P
     212903-63-4P 212903-77-0P 212903-98-5P
     212904-24-0P 212904-57-9P 212904-93-3P
     212905-00-5P 212953-87-2P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and hybridization anal. of small peptide-oligonucleotide
        conjugate combinatorial library)
     212901-54-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     DNA, d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G), complex with 2'-deoxyadenylyl-
CN
     (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
2'-deoxyquanylyl-(3'S&wdahwd5by-5bkmidwhylmáñ'.fwdâ00-54862'-deoxyguanylyl-
```

(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM

CRN 212759-70-1 CMF C80 H100 N31 O46 P7

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

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Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

PAGE 2-B

Me

PAGE 3-A

212901-55-8 HCAPLUS RN

 $\label{lem:L-Alanine} L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-deoxyguanyl$ CN (5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-Lalanyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-

G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

2 CM

CRN 212772-83-3

CMF C125 H178 N42 O60 P8 S

CDES *

PAGE 1-B

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O Me H NH2
$$(CH_2)$$
 4 Me (CH_2) 4 (CH_2) 6 (CH_2) 8 (CH_2) 9 (CH_2)

PAGE 3-C

RN 212901-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-Llysyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Searched by John Dantzman

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-84-4

CMF C128 H185 N43 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

RN 212901-57-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-85-5

CMF C128 H185 N43 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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PAGE 1-C

PAGE 2-A

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RN 212901-58-1 HCAPLUS

L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-CN deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-Llysyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G)

(1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

Unspecified CMF

MAN CCI

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM

CRN 212772-86-6

CMF C131 H192 N44 O60 P8 S

CDES *

C

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-C

Me
$$CO_2H$$

Me NH_2

O NH

O NH_2

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

RN 212901-59-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-Lalanyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-87-7 CMF C131 H192 N44 O60 P8 S CDES *

PAGE 1-A

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 3-A

O H NH2

NH2

NH2

NH2

NH2

$$(CH_2)_4$$

NH2

 $(CH_2)_4$

NH2

 $(CH_2)_4$

NH2

O

 $(CH_2)_4$

O

 $(CH_2)_4$

NH2

;

RN 212901-60-5 HCAPLUS L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-CN deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 212780-26-2 CRN CMF Unspecified CCI MAN *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** CM 2 212772-88-8 CRN CMF C134 H199 N45 O60 P8 S CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

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RN 212901-65-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-typtophyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Searched by John Dantzman

2 CM

CRN 212772-89-9 CMF C139 H197 N45 O60 P8 S CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

RN 212901-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-

A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-91-3

CMF C123 H174 N42 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

RN 212901-72-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-ornithyl-Lalanyl-L-ornithyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-

A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-92-4

CMF C123 H174 N42 O60 P8 S

CDES *

PAGE 1-A

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PAGE 3-C

```
CO<sub>2</sub>H
Me
RN
      212901-78-5 HCAPLUS
      L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-
CN
      deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-
2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-ornithyl-L-
      ornithyl-L-ornithyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA
d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-
      T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
             1
             212780-26-2
      CRN
      CMF
             Unspecified
      CCI
            MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
      CM
             2
      CRN 212772-93-5
      CMF C125 H179 N43 O60 P8 S
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CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

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Searched by John Dantzman

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N
HO
O
N
N
N

RN 212901-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-ornithyl-L-alanyl-L-ornithyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-94-6 CMF C125 H179 N43 O60 P8 S CDES * NH2

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Searched by John Dantzman

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$$H_2N$$
 H_2N
 H_2N
 H_3N
 H_4N
 H_5N
 H_6N
 H_7N
 H_7N

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

RN 212901-86-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-cthymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-ornithyl-Lornithyl-L-ornithyl-, compd. with DNA

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Searched by John Dantzman

RICIGLINO 08/884873

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CM

CRN 212772-95-7 CMF C127 H184 N44 O60 P8 S CDES *

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RN
     212901-87-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-
     deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-
     (5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-
2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo
```

nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-Lalanyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-

T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

2 CM

CRN 212772-96-8 CMF C127 H184 N44 O60 P8 S CDES *

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0=

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Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 4-A

0==

PAGE 4-B

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'nн2

RN 212901-89-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo

nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-

C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Searched by John Dantzman

RICIGLINO 08/884873

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2 CM

CRN 212772-98-0 CMF C129 H189 N45 O60 P8 S CDES *

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RN 212901-91-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo

nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-L-tryptophyl-L-ornithyl-L-ornithyl-, compd. with DNA d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-

C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-99-1

CMF C135 H189 N45 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

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Searched by John Dantzman

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```
— (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>
           NH2
 - NH
RN
      212902-04-0 HCAPLUS
      L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-1]]]]])
CN
      deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-
2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo
      nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-histidyl-L-
      histidyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA
d (A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-
      A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
      CRN
           212780-26-2
      CMF
           Unspecified
      CCI
          MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
      CM
      CRN 212773-00-7
      CMF C125 H168 N44 O60 P8 S
     CDES *
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Searched by John Dantzman

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RN 212902-05-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-histidyl-Lalanyl-L-histidyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d (A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

> CM1

212780-26-2 CRN Unspecified CMF

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM

CRN 212773-01-8 C125 H168 N44 O60 P8 S CMF CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

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RN 212902-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-histidyl-Lhistidyl-L-histidyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-Ā-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-02-9

CMF C128 H170 N46 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-C

PAGE 3-D

RN 212902-21-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-histidyl-L-alanyl-L-histidyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-

T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-04-1

CMF C128 H170 N46 O60 P8 S

CDES *

Searched by John Dantzman

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308-4488

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RN 212902-66-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-histidyl-Lhistidyl-L-histidyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-05-2

CMF C131 H172 N48 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 3-D

RN 212902-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo

nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-Lalanyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-, compd. with DNA
d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-CT-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

T-A-G) (1:1) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-06-3

CMF C131 H172 N48 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

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RN 212903-04-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo

nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-Lhistidyl-L-histidyl-, compd. with DNA
d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-

C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-07-4

CMF C134 H174 N50 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-A

PAGE 3-C

PAGE 3-D

RN 212903-37-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-cthymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-08-5

CMF C125 H178 N46 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 3-A

RN 212903-63-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d (A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-

A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-09-6

CMF C125 H178 N46 O60 P8 S

CDES *

$$H_2N$$
 H_2N
 H_2N
 H_3N
 H_4N
 H_4N

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PAGE 3-C

RN 212903-77-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Searched by John Dantzman

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

NH

CM 2

CRN 212773-10-9

CMF C128 H185 N49 O60 P8 S

CDES *

0=

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Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 4-A

0=

PAGE 4-B

PAGE 5-B

NH2

RN 212903-98-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl-, compd. with DNA

d (A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-

A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

Searched by John Dantzman

RICIGLINO

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CRN 212773-11-0 CMF C128 H185 N49 O60 P8 S CDES *

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RN 212904-24-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-12-1

CMF C131 H192 N52 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-C

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-A

RN 212904-57-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-, compd. with DNA

d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212773-13-2

CMF C131 H192 N52 O60 P8 S

CDES *

NH2

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 H_2N

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Searched by John Dantzman

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212904-93-3 HCAPLUS RN

DNA, d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G), complex with 5'-O-[[(6-aminohexyl)oxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM 1

212780-26-2

Unspecified CMF

MAN CCI

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM2

212759-69-8 CRN

CMF C86 H114 N32 O49 P8

Searched by John Dantzman

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-A

RN 212905-00-5 HCAPLUS CN DNA, d(A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-G), complex with 5'-O-[[[6-[[4-[(2,5-

dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)methyl]cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]hexyl]ox
 y]hydroxyphosphinyl]-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl (3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-

thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-80-0

CMF C98 H127 N33 O52 P8

CDES 5:ALL, B-D-ERYTHRO

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-A

RN 212953-87-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-, compd. with DNA

d (A-T-C-A-C-A-T-T-A-C-A-C-C-T-A-

G) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 212780-26-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 212772-81-1

CMF C125 H178 N42 O60 P8 S

CDES *

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 3-A

HN
N
HO
O
N
N
NH
2

IT 212759-69-8 212759-70-1

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(prepn. and hybridization anal. of small peptide-oligonucleotide conjugate combinatorial library)

RN 212759-69-8 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[[(6-aminohexyl)oxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

RN 212759-70-1 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine,

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

Me

HN N Me

(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 3-A

TT 212772-80-0P 212772-81-1P 212772-83-3P 212772-84-4P 212772-85-5P 212772-86-6P 212772-87-7P 212772-88-8P 212772-89-9P 212772-91-3P 212772-92-4P 212772-93-5P 212772-94-6P 212772-95-7P 212772-96-8P 212772-98-0P 212772-99-1P 212773-00-7P 212773-01-8P 212773-02-9P 212773-04-1P 212773-05-2P 212773-06-3P 212773-07-4P 212773-08-5P 212773-09-6P 212773-10-9P 212773-11-0P 212773-12-1P 212773-13-2P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hybridization anal. of small peptide-oligonucleotide conjugate combinatorial library) RN 212772-80-0 HCAPLUS Thymidine, 5'-0-[[[6-[[[4-[(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-CN yl)methyl]cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]hexyl]oxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]-2'deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI)

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Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 3-A

RN 212772-81-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

PAGE 2-B

RN 212772-83-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 3-C

RN 212772-84-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, S-[2,5-dioxo-1-[[4-[[[6-[(thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy-5'-adenylyl)oxy]hexyl]amino]carbo nyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-Llysyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

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=> d bib abs hitstr 144 13

ANSWER 13 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L441998:355685 HCAPLUS AN DN 129:136468 ΤI A convenient synthesis of 5'-amino-5'-deoxythymidine and preparation of peptide-DNA hybrids ΑU Tetzlaff, Charles N.; Schwope, Ina; Bleczinski, Colleen F.; Steinberg, Joshua A.; Richert, Clemens Dep. Chem., Tufts Univ., Medford, MA, 02155, USA Tetrahedron Lett. (1998) 39(24), 4215-4218 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039 CS SO PΒ Elsevier Science Ltd. DT Journal English LA

OS CASREACT 129:136468 GI

5'-Amino-5'-deoxythymidine (I) was prepd. from thymidine in two steps and converted to its known 5'-methoxytrityl-protected 3'-phosphoramidite building block for DNA assembly on solid supports. Using this building block, peptide-DNA hybrids were synthesized in stepwise manner or via fragment condensation, both as single compds. and as small combinatorial libraries.

IT 210490-69-0DP, dipeptide-DNA conjugate combinatorial libraries contg.

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (a convenient synthesis of aminodeoxythymidine and prepn. of peptide-DNA hybrids)

RN 210490-69-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5'-[[(2S)-2-amino-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-5'-deoxythymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxydenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 3-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 14

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ANSWER 14 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
     1998:250013 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     128:321839
ΤI
     Enzymic synthesis of sialyl-Lewisa-libraries with two non-natural
     monosaccharide units
     Baisch, Gabi; Ohrlein, Reinhold; Streiff, Markus; Kolbinger, Frank
ΑU
     Novartis Pharma AG, Basel, CH-4002, Switz.
CS
     Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. (1998), 8(7), 755-758
SO
     CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X
     Elsevier Science Ltd.
ΡВ
DT
     Journal
LA
    English
AΒ
    A series of sialylated type-I sugars, which have the natural N-acetyl
     group of the glucosamine moiety replaced by a wide range of amides, is
     incubated with recombinant fucosyl-transferase III and non-natural
     guanosine-diphosphate activated donor-sugars. Surprisingly, the enzyme
     tolerates the simultaneous alterations on the donor and acceptor to form
а
    wide array of sialyl-Lewisa-analogs.
ΙT
    194603-92-4P
     RL: BPR (Biological process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
        (enzymic synthesis of sialyl-Lewis libraries with two
        non-natural monosaccharide units)
RN
     194603-92-4 HCAPLUS
CN
    Nonanoic acid,
9-[[O-(N-acetyl-.alpha.-neuraminosyl)-(2.fwdarw.3)-O-.beta.-
D-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.3)-O-[.beta.-D-arabinopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.4)]-
     2-deoxy-2-[[(1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-2,6-dioxo-4-pyrimidinyl)carbonyl]amino]-
     .beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]oxy]-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

ОН

IT 194603-94-6

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(enzymic synthesis of sialyl-Lewis libraries with two non-natural monosaccharide units)

RN 194603-94-6 HCAPLUS

CN Nonanoic acid,

9-[[O-(N-acetyl-.alpha.-neuraminosyl)-(2.fwdarw.3)-O-.beta.-

D-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.3)-2-deoxy-2-[[(1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-2,6-dioxo-4-pyrimidinyl)carbonyl]amino]-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]oxy]-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 15

```
ANSWER 15 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
AN
     1998:151233 HCAPLUS
DN
     128:214204
ΤI
     Artificial promoter libraries for selected organisms containing promoters
     with a broad range of strengths and their use in metabolic engineering
     Jensen, Peter Ruhdal; Hammer, Karin
IN
     Jensen, Peter Ruhdal, Den.; Hammer, Karin
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     -PATENT-NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                                 APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
                                _____
                                                  -----
     WO 9807846
                                               WO 1997-DK342
                         A1
                                19980226
                                                                      19970825
          W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                          A1 19980306
                                                 AU 1997-39383
                                                                      19970825
     AU 9739383
                                                 EP 1997-936613
                                19990811
     EP 934406
                          Α2
                                                                      19970825
          R: BE, CH, DE, DK, FR, GB, LI, NL, SE, FI
PRAI DK 1996-886
                         19960823
     WO 1997-DK342
                         19970825
     Artificial promoter libraries from which promoters of a desired strength
AB
      can be derived for uses such as metabolic engineering are described. A
     library contains DNA fragments based around the consensus sequences for
     the host promoter, e.g. the -35 and -10 sequences of a prokaryotic
     promoter, optionally with up to half of the conserved bases substituted.
     The spacers between these elements are varied in length and sequence,
     contg. at least seven bases selected at random. Further, they may have a
     sequence comprising one or more recognition sites for restriction
     endonucleases added to one of or both their ends. A library may also
     contain a specific regulatory or response element. Such artificial
     promoter libraries contain promoters that different in strengths by
     comparatively small degrees and can be used inter alia for optimizing the
     expression of specific genes in various selected organisms. Promoters of
     Lactococcus lactis were surveyed to generate a consensus sequence of 53
     bases with 34 conserved, 2 semi-conserved and the remainder varying
     randomly, for a Lactococcus promoter and a library built around this
      sequence. The library was cloned immediately upstream of a promoterless
     lacLM reporter gene and the bank transformed into Escherichia coli.
     Forty-six clones showing promoter activity were analyzed further in L.
     lactis lactis. The .beta.-galactosidase levels arising from these
     promoters covered the range 0.3- >2,000 units but with comparatively
small
     differences between promoters when they were ranked by yield of enzyme
      activity.
      4251-20-1 78424-15-4 87733-55-9
```

203864-68-0

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological

study); USES (Uses)

(artificial promoters contg.; artificial promoter libraries for selected organisms contg. promoters with broad range of strengths and their use in metabolic engineering)

RN 4251-20-1 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 78424-15-4 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine,

2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

NH2

NH2

RN

87733-55-9 HCAPLUS
Adenosine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488 CN

deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

RN ·

203864-68-0 HCAPLUS
Thymidine, 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

PAGE 1-B

__ NH2

PAGE 2-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 16

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ANSWER 16 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
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AN 1998:48185 HCAPLUS

DN 128:102053

ΤI Key Intermediates in Combinatorial Chemistry: Access to Various Heterocycles from .alpha.,.beta.-Unsaturated Ketones on Solid Phase

ΑU Marzinzik, Andreas L.; Felder, Eduard R.

CS Novartis Pharma AG, Core Technology Area, Basel, CH-4002, Switz.

SO J. Org. Chem. (1998), 63(3), 723-727 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PΒ American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB The value of .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. ketones as key intermediates for the combinatorial assembly of four different templates on the solid phase, namely pyrimidines, dihydropyrimidinones, pyridines, and pyrazoles, was explored with individual syntheses of variably substituted model compds. Starting from aldehydes grafted on polystyrene support, the Wittig and

the

Claisen-Schmidt reaction conditions were adapted to efficiently prep. .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. ketones on the solid phase. Further derivatization

of the .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. ketones to form pyrimidines succeeded with

no. of amidines. In a feasibility study, the potential to obtain, in a modular fashion, other small heterocycles from the same intermediates was assessed. In this solid-phase approach, .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. carbonyl intermediates can act as a three-carbon component and a primary enamine

is

utilized to complement the system for pyridine ring formation. Instead, with N-methylurea a dihydropyrimidinone is obtained. As an alternative, substituted hydrazines are incorporated in one orientation, providing pyrazoles with defined regioisomerism. The study indicates that .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. ketones grafted on the solid phase can take a pivotal role as branching points in a no. of synthetic diversity schemes and, therefore, represent versatile intermediates for the efficient prepn.

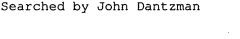
of combinatorial small mol. libraries.

201222-90-4P 201222-91-5P 201222-93-7P ΙT 201222-96-0P 201222-97-1P 201222-98-2P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of combinatorial libraries of heterocycles using .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. ketones as key intermediates on solid phase)

RN 201222-90-4 HCAPLUS

Benzamide, 4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)



The state of the s

RN 201222-91-5 HCAPLUS
CN Benzamide, 4-[6-phenyl-2-(2-thienyl)-4-pyri

Benzamide, 4-[6-phenyl-2-(2-thienyl)-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 201222-93-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[6-phenyl-2-(4-pyridinyl)-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 201222-96-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-6-phenyl-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 201222-97-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[6-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N-C$$
 N
 N
 N
 N
 OMe

RN 201222-98-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[2-phenyl-6-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

NAME)

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 18

```
ANSWER 18 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
AN
     1997:740244 HCAPLUS
DN
     127:331700
TI
     A combinatorial protecting group strategy for the solid phase preparation
     of oligodeoxyribonucleotides
     Koster, Hubert; Leikauf, Eckart
ΙN
PΑ
     Koster, Hubert, USA; Leikauf, Eckart
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
                                                               (1-9970417
                       A2 19971106
A3 19971204
                                             WO 1997-US6509
PΙ
     WO 9741139
     WO 9741139
     W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
             RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
             ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9724624
                              19971119
                                             AU 1997-24624
                                                                19970417
                        Α1
     EP 898575
                              19990303
                                             EP 1997-920432
                                                                19970417
                        A2
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, FI
PRAI US 1996-15699
                       19960417
     WO 1997-US6509
                       19970417
AB
     In general, the invention features the use of novel protection schemes
and
     solid phase prepn. reactions to generate mols. of core structure M (M is
     multifunctional low mol. wt. compd., such as a saccharide, amino sugar,
     deoxy sugar, nucleoside, nucleotide, coenzyme, amino acid, lipid,
steroid,
     vitamin, hormone, alkaloid, or small mol. drug), which have a plurality
οf
     functionalities, each of which can be individually protected or
     functionalized. Thus, d(TTTT) and d(TAGCT) were prepd. using an app. for
     manual prepn. consisted of column type reactor fitted with a sintered
     glass frit, a stopcock, and a connection to a vacuum pump to remove
     solvents by suction or to dry the support just before the condensation
     step.
ΙT
     178313-78-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (combinatorial protecting group strategy for the solid phase
        prepn. of oligodeoxyribonucleotides)
     178313-78-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Thymidine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
CN
     deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA
                     Searched by John Dantzman
                                                     308-4488
```

INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

NH₂

PAGE 2-B

__NH2

IT 178313-82-1P 197963-39-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (combinatorial protecting group strategy for the solid phase prepn. of oligodeoxyribonucleotides)

178313-82-1 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-

RN

nitrophenyl)ethyl]-,

3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN 197963-39-6 HCAPLUS
CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-,
5'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite]
3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis\$&arched by John Dantzman 308-4488

methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] 6-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl
carbonate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

Searched by John Dantzman

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 19

```
ANSWER 19 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
     1997:686949 HCAPLUS
AN
     127:319211
DN
ΤI
     Combinatorial strategies for DNA and peptides preparation
     Winkler, James L.; Fodor, Stephen P. A.; Buchko, Christopher J.; Ross,
TN
     Debra A.; Aldwin, Lois; Modlin, Douglas N.
PΑ
     Affymax Technologies N.V., Neth.
     U.S., 41 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,384,261.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DΤ
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                            -----
                                           -----
                      _---
                            19971014
                                           US 1992-980523
PΙ
     US 5677195
                       Α
                                                            19921120
                      Α
     US 5384261
                            19950124
                                           US 1991-796243
                                                            19911122
                                           US 1992-874849
     US 5412087
                      Α
                            19950502
                                                            19920424
                      A2
     EP 916396
                            19990519
                                           EP 1998-118908
                                                            19921120
                            20000119
     EP 916396
                      Α3
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, IE
                      A2
                            20000119
                                          EP 1999-202441
                                                            19921120
     EP 972564
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
ΙE
     WO 9322680
                            19931111
                                           WO 1993-US3767
                                                            19930421
                       A1
         W: AU, CA, JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     AU 9341107
                            19931129
                                          AU 1993-41107
                                                            19930421
                      A1
                                           US 1996-740170
     US 5885837
                       Α
                            19990323
                                                            19961023
PRAI US 1991-796243
                      19911122
     US 1992-874849
                      19920424
     EP 1992-925414
                      19921120
     WO 1993-US3767
                      19930421
                      19940520
     US 1994-246590
AB
     A method and device for forming large arrays of DNA and peptides on a
     substrate is reported. The method may be combined with light-directed
     methodologies.
     151782-41-1P 197719-81-6DP, 3'-fluorescein-labeled
ΙT
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (combinatorial strategies for DNA and peptides prepn.)
RN
     151782-41-1 HCAPLUS
     Cytidine,
2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxyquanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

0

Searched by John Dantzman

$$H_2N$$
 H_2N
 H_2N
 H_2N
 H_3N
 H_4N
 H_4N
 H_4N
 H_4N
 H_5N
 H_5N

RN 197719-81-6 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine,

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 20

- L44 ANSWER 20 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1997:454756 HCAPLUS
- DN 127:202056
- TI Cofactor-assisted self-cleavage in DNA libraries with a 3'-'5'-phosphoramidate bond
- AU Burmeister, Jens; von Kiedrowski, Gunter; Ellington, Andrew D.
- CS Lehrstuhl Organische Chemie I Universitat, Bochum, D-44801, Germany
- SO Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), 36(12), 1321-1324 CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833
- PB Wiley-VCH
- DT Journal
- LA English
- 3'-5'-Phosphoramidate bond-contg. DNA sequences capable of catalyzing cofactor-assisted self-cleavage were obtained by in vitro selection from an oligonucleotide library contg. a randomized 72-mer sequence. The method involved prepn. of immobilized phosphoramidate-contg. randomized 72-mer. The 72-mer was then allowed to react in presence of dansylated trimer, hexameric template, and magnesium. Reaction produced a pool of catalytic 72-mers which was amplified for the next round of selection. Neg. selection (removal of those DNA sequences that were released via uncatalyzed hydrolysis) was also utilized. Cloning and sequencing of PCR products from the last rounds revealed a single dominating clone. The secondary structure was predicted and showed tight folding around the const. primer regions. Closer examn. of the cloned sequence showed that it catalyzes the hydrolysis (not transphosphorylation) of an internal 3'-5'-phosphoramidate bond in the presence of a specific trimeric cofactor.
- IT 94854-99-6
 - RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (hexameric template; in vitro selection and characterization of cofactor-assisted self-cleaving phosphoramidate-contg. deoxyribozymes from DNA libraries)
- RN 94854-99-6 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

-NH2

IT 194602-90-9

RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); USES (Uses) (trimeric cofactor; in vitro selection and characterization of cofactor-assisted self-cleaving phosphoramidate-contg. deoxyribozymes from DNA libraries)

RN 194602-90-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3'-Thymidylic acid, 2'-deoxy-5'-O-phosphonocytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-, 3'-[3-[[[5-(dimethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]sulfonyl]amino]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

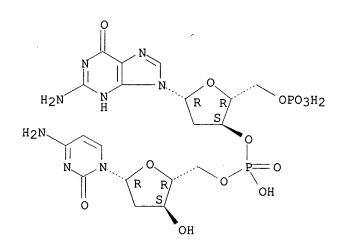
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 21

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
ANSWER 21 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
ΑN
     1997:381053 HCAPLUS
DN
     127:107704
TΙ
     Sequence and structure specific antibodies from phage display libraries
AU
     Tanha, Jamshid; Forsyth, Gavin; Schorr, Peter; Crosby, William; Lee,
     Jeremy S.
CS
     Dep. Biochemistry, Univ. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, S7N 5E5, Can.
SO
     Mol. Immunol. (1997), 34(2), 109-113
     CODEN: MOIMD5; ISSN: 0161-5890
PB
     Elsevier
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AΒ
     A large combinatorial phage display library was panned against five
     nucleic acid antigens, calf thymus DNA, poly[d(GC)], poly[d(AT)],
     poly(dA).cntdot.poly(dT) and poly(dT). After the third and fourth rounds
     of panning, many pos. clones were selected against poly[d(GC)],
     poly(dA).cntdot.poly(dT) and poly(rA).cntdot.poly(dT). The specificity
of
     these antibodies was tested by both direct and competitive solid phase
     radioimmune assays. All the clones derived from panning with poly[d(GC)]
     were non-specific and bound to all nucleic acids. The
     poly(rA).cntdot.poly(dT) derived clones were specific for single-stranded
     nucleic acids, with some sequence preferences, and the
     poly(dA).cntdot.poly(dT) derived clones showed considerable specificity
     for this antigen. The sequences of these phage-derived antibodies showed
     no similarities with DNA-binding antibodies from other sources. Even
     after six rounds of panning no pos. clones were detected which bound to
     poly[d(AT)] and after seven rounds only two were derived from panning
with
     calf thymus DNA. Therefore, sequence and structure specific antibodies
     can be recovered from phage display libraries but not all sequences may
be
     represented in the repertoire.
ΙT
     36786-90-0
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (sequence and structure specific antibodies from phage display
      libraries)
RN
     36786-90-0 HCAPLUS
     Cytidine, 2'-deoxy-5'-O-phosphonoguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-,
CN
     homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 2402-35-9
     CMF C19 H26 N8 O13 P2
     CDES 5:B-D-ERYTHRO, B-D-ERYTHRO
```



ANSWER 22 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 22

```
AN
     1997:247928 HCAPLUS
DN
     126:317558
TΙ
     Deconvolution of Combinatorial Oligonucleotide Libraries by Electrospray
     Ionization Tandem Mass Spectrometry
ΑU
     Pomerantz, Steven C.; McCloskey, James A.; Tarasow, Theodore M.; Eaton,
CS
     Departments of Medicinal Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Utah,
     Salt Lake City, UT, 84112, USA
     J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1997), 119(17), 3861-3867
SO
     CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
PΒ
     American Chemical Society
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AB
     Studies were undertaken to explore the application of tandem mass
     spectrometry for the structure anal. of unfractionated mixts. of
     oligonucleotides. Limited combinatorial libraries were constructed of
     mixts. of 8-mers (NGACACNG; nine compds.) and 12-mers (NGACTNAGACNG; 27
     compds.), where N is any of the 2'-deoxyribonucleotides of uracil,
     thymine, or 5-[N-(aminoethyl)-3-acrylimido]uracil. Mol. mass
measurements
     of the mixt. components (single mass analyzer) in the simplest cases or
     acquisition of collision-induced dissocn. mass spectra (tandem mass
     analyzers) for mixts. of sequence isomers of the same mol. mass were used
     to establish guidelines for structure assignments. Although the
     construction of mass sequencing ladders from gas phase backbone cleavage
     reactions is notably more complex in the case of isomeric mixts. than for
     the single isomer case, assignment ambiguities are reduced by the
     of nonrandomized sequence positions and by recognition of likely fragment
     ion relative abundances. The approaches described offer a significant
     advance toward solving problems common to the development of
     oligonucleotide therapeutics using combinatorial synthesis techniques.
     189237-65-8P 189237-66-9P 189237-67-0P
ΙT
     189237-68-1P 189237-69-2P 189237-70-5P
     189237-71-6P 189237-72-7P 189237-73-8P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (deconvolution of combinatorial oligodeoxyribonucleotide
      libraries by electrospray ionization tandem mass spectrometry)
     189237-65-8 HCAPLUS
RN
     Guanosine,
CN
2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

189237-66-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Guanosine,

2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

RN 189237-67-0 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine,

2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-5-[(1E)-3-

[(2-aminoethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

RN 189237-68-1 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5') CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN 189237-69-2 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-A

RN 189237-70-5 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-5-[(1E)-3-

[(2-aminoethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

RN

189237-71-6 HCAPLUS
Guanosine, 5-[(1E)-3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 2-C

__NH2

RN 189237-72-7 HCAPLUS

Searched by John Dantzman

CN Guanosine, 5-[(1E)-3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-2'deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-C

-NH₂

```
RN 189237-73-8 HCAPLUS
CN Guanosine, 5-[(1E)-3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-2'-
deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-5-[(1E)-3-

[(2-aminoethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.
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Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 27

```
ANSWER 27 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
AN
     1996:625191 HCAPLUS
DN
     125:248335
ΤI
     Printing methodology and apparatus for synthesis of oligonucleotide
     library arrays
     Pease, R. Fabian; Fodor, Stephen P. A.; Mcgall, Glenn; Goss, Virginia;
IN
     Goldberg, Martin J.; Stryer, Lubert; Rava, Richard P.; Winkler, James L.
PΑ
    Affymax Technologies N.V., Neth. Antilles
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 35 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
    English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND
     PATENT NO.
                           DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
PΙ
    EP 728520 A1
                           19960828
                                         EP 1996-300860
                                                           19960208
        R: DE, FR, GB, IT, NL
                           19970204
                                          US 1995-395604
                                                           19950227
     US 5599695 A
     US 5831070
                      Α
                           19981103
                                          US 1996-635272
                                                           19960419
PRAI US 1995-395604
                     19950227
    A method and app. are claimed for selectively applying a print material
     onto a substrate for the synthesis of an array of oligonucleotides at
```

AB A method and app. are claimed for selectively applying a print material onto a substrate for the synthesis of an array of oligonucleotides at selected regions of a substrate. The print material includes a barrier material, a monomer sequence, a nucleoside, a deprotection agent, a carrier material, among other materials. The method and app. also relies upon std. DMT based chem., and a vapor phase deprotection agent such as solid TCA and the like. Thus, e.g., a 10 nM target 5'-GCGTAGGC-fluorescein (analyte) was exposed to a 2 .times. 2 array of four probes 3'-CGCATCCG (match), 3'-CGCTCCG (deletion), 3'-CGCTTCCG (substitution), and 3'-CGCATTCCG (addn). and then scanned with a scanner: in a photograph of the fluorescent output, the matched area is the most strongly fluorescing (indicating the strongest hybridization to the match) and the weakest to the deletion.

IT 182003-38-9DP, surface-bound

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(printing methodol. and app. for synthesis of oligonucleotide library arrays)

RN 182003-38-9 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine,

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

Searched by John Dantzman

ΙT 182003-43-6D, surface-bound, fluorescein labeled RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (printing methodol. and app. for synthesis of oligonucleotide library arrays) 182003-43-6 HCAPLUS RN CN Cytidine, 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-, double-stranded complementary (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 182003-42-5 CMF C78 H98 N33 O46 P7 CDES 5:ALL, B-D-ERYTHRO

PAGE 1-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

CM2

CRN 182003-38-9

CMF C76 H98 N29 O46 P7

CDES 5:ALL, B-D-ERYTHRO

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

Searched by John Dantzman

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 28

- L44 ANSWER 28 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1996:622299 HCAPLUS
- DN 125:268402
- TI A convenient approach to the synthesis of trinucleotide phosphoramidites-synthons for the generation of oligonucleotide/peptide libraries
- AU Kayushin, A. L.; Korosteleva, M. D.; Miroshnikov, A. I.; Kosch, W.; Zubov,
 - D.; Piel, N.
- CS Shemiakin Ovchinnikov Inst. Bioorg. Chem., Russian Acad. Sci., Moscow, 117871, Russia
- SO Nucleic Acids Res. (1996), 24(19), 3748-3755 CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Trinucleotide phosphoramidites that correspond to the codons of all 20 amino acids were synthesized in high yield on a 5g scale. Precursors of those amidites, trinucleotide phosphotriesters, have been prepd. using
- the
- phosphotriester approach without protection of the 3'-hydroyl function. The structures of trinucleotide phosphotriesters and intermediates were confirmed by 1H- and 31P-NMR spectra, mass-spectra, and by anal. of SPDE-hydrolyzates of deprotected prepns. Purity of the target products has been confirmed by test reactions. The synthons have been used for automated synthesis of oligonucleotides and corresponding libraries by a phosphite-triester approach. A 54mer, contg. 12 randomized internal bases, and a 72mer with 24 internal randomized bases have been synthesized.
- IT 182759-18-8P 182759-19-9P 182759-21-3P 182759-22-4P 182759-23-5P 182759-27-9P
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (as 5'-O-dimethoxytritylated dinucleotide; synthesis of trinucleotide phosphoramidite synthetic codons and oligonucleotide
 - combinatorial libraries incorporating them)
- RN 182759-18-8 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

[─] OMe

RN 182759-19-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

[→] OMe

RN 182759-21-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 182759-22-4 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 182759-23-5 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Searched by John Dantzman

RN 182759-27-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

[─]OMe

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ΙT
    182759-58-6P 182759-59-7P 182759-61-1P
    182759-62-2P 182759-63-3P 182759-64-4P
    182759-65-5P 182759-66-6P 182759-67-7P
    182759-68-8P 182759-71-3P 182759-72-4P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (as 5'-O-dimethoxytritylated trinucleotide phosphoramidite; synthesis
```

of trinucleotide phosphoramidite synthetic codons and oligonucleotide combinatorial libraries incorporating them)

RN182759-58-6 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-CN deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{HN} \\ \text{N} \\$$

PAGE 1-B

RN 182759-59-7 HCAPLUS

Searched by John Dantzman

CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN

182759-61-1 HCAPLUS
Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

PAGE 2-B

RN 182759-62-2 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite]

(9CI)

Searched by John Dantzman

(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 182759-63-3 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-

deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5') 2'-deoxy-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

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RN

182759-64-4 HCAPLUS
Adenosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

Searched by John Dantzman

NH₂

RN

182759-65-5 HCAPLUS
Cytidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

RN 182759-66-6 HCAPLUS
CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite]

(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

Searched by John Dantzman

RN 182759-67-7 HCAPLUS
CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite]
(9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

^{_}NH2

RN 182759-68-8 HCAPLUS
CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-

PAGE 2-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 3-A

RN 182759-71-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 182759-72-4 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-

RICIGLINO

PAGE 1-B

<u>__0</u>

OMe

182759-38-2P 182759-39-3P 182759-41-7P IT182759-42-8P 182759-43-9P 182759-44-0P 182759-45-1P 182759-46-2P 182759-47-3P 182759-48-4P 182759-50-8P 182759-52-0P Searched by John Dantzman

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (as 5'-O-dimethoxytritylated trinucleotide; synthesis of trinucleotide phosphoramidite synthetic codons and oligonucleotide

combinatorial libraries incorporating them)

RN

182759-38-2 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-CN 2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 182759-39-3 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

PAGE 1-B

RN 182759-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-B

RN

182759-42-8 HCAPLUS
Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Searched by John Dantzman

Absolute stereochemistry.

RICIGLINO

RN 182759-43-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

RN

182759-44-0 HCAPLUS
Adenosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-A

RN 182759-45-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA_INDEX_NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 1-B

OMe

RN 182759-46-2 HCAPLUS
CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 182759-47-3 HCAPLUS

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

CN Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN

182759-48-4 HCAPLUS
Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-chlorophenyl)-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-chlorophenyl)thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

; НО

RN 182759-50-8 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

08/884873

RN 182759-52-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 29

```
ANSWER 29 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
    1996:605507 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
    125:248493
    Methods and apparatus for synthesizing labeled combinatorial chemical
ΤI
    libraries
PΑ
    Ontogen Corporation, USA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 2
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                          DATE
    PATENT NO.
     _____
                                         _____
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                          _____
                                                         _____
    WO 9624061
                           19960808
                                     WO 1996-US1207
                                                          19960130
ΡI
                    A1
        W: AU, CA, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                           19980623 US 1995-480438
                                                          19950607
    US 5770455 A
                      AA
                           19960808
                                         CA 1996-2186943
                                                          19960130
    CA 2186943
                                                          19960130
    AU 9650204
                     A1
                           19960821
                                         AU 1996-50204
                           19970122
                                        EP 1996-907016
                                                          19960130
    EP 754302
                     A1
        R: CH, DE, DK, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
                    Т2
                           19971202 JP 1996-523660
                                                          19960130
    JP 09512036
PRAI US 1995-383766
                     19950202
                     19930719
    US 1993-92863
                     19940113
    US 1994-180863
    WO 1996-US1207
                     19960130
    The present invention provides labeled synthetic libraries of random
AB
    oligomers and methods and app. for generating labeled synthetic oligomer
    libraries. Each member of such a library is labeled with a unique tag
    that specifies the structure or sequence of the oligomer. In a preferred
    embodiment of the present invention the identifier tag is a microchip
that
    is pre-encoded or encodable with information that is relayed back to a
    detector when the identifier tag is pulsed with electromagnetic
radiation.
ΙT
    181819-45-4P
    RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
    PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (methods and app. for synthesizing labeled combinatorial
       chem. libraries)
RN
    181819-45-4 HCAPLUS
    Cytidine,
2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
    deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
    deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-N-[(6'-hydroxy-3-
    oxospiro[isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-[9H]xanthen]-3'-yl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
```

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

PAGE 3-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 30

```
ANSWER 30 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
AN
     1996:476809 HCAPLUS
DN
     125:143234
TI
     Codon amidites and method of using them to produce oligonucleotides and
     mutagenesis libraries
TN
     Lyttle, Matthew H.; Kauvar, Lawrence M.
PA
     Terrapin Technologies, Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
    WO 9616073 A2
WO 9616073 A3
                            19960530
                                          WO 1995-US15319 19951122
PΙ
                            19960801
         W: AU, CA, JP
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                     Α
                            19980210 US 1994-344820 19941123
19960617 AU 1996-45029 19951122
     US 5717085
     AU 9645029
                       Α1
PRAI US 1994-344820
                      19941123
     WO 1995-US15319 19951122
OS
     MARPAT 125:143234
AΒ
     Merrifield synthesis oligodeoxyribonucleotides using preassembled
     3'-phosphoramidite trinucleotides as building blocks to make
     oligodeoxyribonucleotides encoding a desired sequence of amino acids,
     optionally contg. positions with random amino acids. Randomized DNA
     fragments, in particular, are useful in producing combinatorial libraries
     of peptides and proteins with a variety of binding properties.
IT
     179549-68-9P 179549-69-0P 179549-70-3P
     179549-73-6P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (codon amidites and method of using them to produce
        oligodeoxyribonucleotides and mutagenesis libraries)
     179549-68-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Guanosine, N-benzoy1-5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-
CN
     cyanoethyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-cyanoethyl)thymidylyl-
     (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl
     bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN 179549-69-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, N-benzoyl-5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-

cyanoethyl)-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P-(2-cyanoethyl)-2'-deoxy-N-(2 methyl-1-oxopropyl)guanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-N-benzoyl-2'-deoxy-,
 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN 179549-70-3 HCAPLUS
CN Cytidine,
2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')P-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-P-deoxo-P,2'-dideoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

179549-73-6 HCAPLUS
Cytidine, 2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-P[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-P-deoxo-P,2'-dideoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-CN deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 32

```
ANSWER 32 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
AN
     1996:369153 HCAPLUS
DN
     125:34037
     Preparation of soluble combinatorial libraries using soluble
TΙ
     macromolecular supports
     Janda, Kim; Han, Hyunsoo
IN
     Scripps Research Institute, USA
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 154 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND DATE
                                                 APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                -----
     WO 9603418 A1 19960208 WO 1995-US9614 19950726
PΙ
          W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
               TM, TT
          RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
               SN, TD, TG
                                                 CA 1995-2195321 19950726
     CA 2195321
                          AA
                                19960208
     AU 9532722
                                                 AU 1995-32722
                          Α1
                                19960222
                                                                     19950726
     AU 697920
                          B2
                                19981022
     EP 772623
                         A1 19970514
                                            EP 1995-929334
                                                                     19950726
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT,
SE
                                           JP 1995-505990 19950726
      JP 10506379
                          T2
                                19980623
PRAI US 1994-281200
                         19940726
     US 1995-484153
                         19950607
     WO 1995-US9614
                         19950726
GI
```

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Novel sol. combinatorial libraries are prepd., comprising a sol. phase in soln. attached to a core mol., and allowing the improved high-yield and efficient prodn. of sol. combinatorial libraries. Some specific examples of the sol. combinatorial libraries claimed herein comprise one or more

of
the following: amino acids, .alpha.-azetide amino acids, triazine dione
mols., .gamma.-lactamtide mols. (constrained peptide mimics),
.delta.-lactamthiotide mols. (constrained peptide mimics), .beta.-lactam
nucleus contg. mols., lycoramine alkaloid nucleus contg. mols.,
.beta.-blocker nucleus mols., oligopeptides, oligosaccharides,
oligonucleotides, and arylsulfonamides. The macromol. supports are
selected from polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl alc., polyvinylamine
copolymd. with polyvinylpyrrolidine, and derivs. thereof. Further, a
split synthesis technique for generating libraries of combinatorial mols.

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

employs a biphasic macromol. support which is sol. during the pooling, splitting, and coupling steps but which is insol. during the washing step.

The use of a biphasic macromol. support in its insol. phase significantly enhances the efficiency and performance of the washing step. Thus, a library of 8 tetrasaccharides (e.g. I, II, and III), useful as antigenic markers which distinguishes fetal erythrocytes from adult cells (no data),

were prepd. by the split synthesis technique involving sequential coupling

of a library of polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether-bound glucose and galactose derivs. (IV and V; R = MeO-PEG-O2CCH2CH2CO, wherein PEG = polyethylene glycol) (prepn. given) with (A) galactosamine and glucosamine

derivs. (VI and VII) (prepn. given), (B) glucose and galactose derivs. IV and V (R = H) (prepn. given), and (C) galactosamine deriv. VI.

ΙT 177797-66-9

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(prepn. of sol. combinatorial libraries using sol.

macromol. supports)
177797-66-9 HCAPLUS

RN

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),

.alpha.-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-

, 3'-ester with 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-(2methyl-1-oxopropyl) quanosine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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=> d bib abs hitstr 144 33

- L44 ANSWER 33 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1996:309975 HCAPLUS
- DN 125:58965
- TI A combinatorial protecting group strategy for oligonucleotide synthesis
- AU Dumontet, Vincent; Thoison, Odile; Omobuwajo, Olamrewaju R.; Martin, Marie-Therese; Perromat, Guillaume; Chiaroni, Angele; Riche, Claude; Pais,

Mary; Sevenet, Thierry; Hadi, A. Hamid A.

- CS Inst Chim. Substances Naturelles, C.N.R.S., Gif-sur-Yvette, D-20146, Fr.
- SO Tetrahedron (1996), 52(20), 6913-6930 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A novel 5'-3' directed DNA synthesis will be described. Together with addnl. investigations on model compds. a synthetic strategy is established
 - which allows multi-selective deprotections. This offers the potential to either generate oligonucleotides in different sequence specific protection/functionalization states or to create a combinatorial set of mols. available for specific mol. interaction or recognition expts.
- IT 131920-31-5
 - RL: RCT (Reactant)
 - (combinatorial protecting group strategy for the prepn. of antitumor oligodeoxyribonucleotides)
- RN 131920-31-5 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

IT 178313-82-1P 178313-86-5P 178313-93-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (combinatorial protecting group strategy for the prepn. of

RN

antitumor oligodeoxyribonucleotides)

178313-82-1 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, CN

3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN 178313-86-5 HCAPLUS
CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-,
5'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite]
3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis\$&arched by John Dantzman 308-4488

 $\label{lem:methoxyphenyl} $$ methoxyphenyl) methyl phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] $6-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)] ethyl carbonate, (R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)$

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

RN

178313-93-4 HCAPLUS
Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-,
5'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] CN

3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis(4-

methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] 6-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl
carbonate], (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

IT 178313-78-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (combinatorial protecting group strategy for the prepn. of antitumor oligodeoxyribonucleotides)

RN 178313-78-5 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

NH₂

PAGE 2-B

-NH₂

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 34

```
ANSWER 34 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     1996:204140 HCAPLUS
AN
     124:280324
DN
     Sequence specificity of triplex DNA formation: analysis by a
TΙ
combinatorial
     approach, restriction endonuclease protection selection and amplification
     Hardenbol, Paul; Van Dyke, Michael W.
ΑU
     Department Tumor Biology, University Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center,
CS
     Houston, TX, 77030, USA
     Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1996), 93(7), 2811-16
SO
     CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     We have devised a combinatorial method, restriction endonuclease
AΒ
     protection selection and amplification (REPSA), to identify consensus
     ligand binding sequences in DNA. In this technique, cleavage by a type
     IIS restriction endonuclease (an enzyme that cleaves DNA at a site distal
     from its recognition sequence) is prevented by a bound ligand while
     unbound DNA is cleaved. Since the selection step of REPSA is performed
in
     soln. under mild conditions, this approach is amenable to the
     investigation of ligand-DNA complexes that are either insufficiently
     stable or not readily separable by other methods. Here we report the use
     of REPSA to identify the consensus duplex DNA sequence recognized by a
     G/T-rich oligodeoxyribonucleotide under conditions favoring purine-motif
     triple-helix formation. Anal. of 47 sequences indicated that recognition between 13 bases on the oligonucleotide 3' end and the duplex DNA was
     sufficient for triplex formation and indicated the possible existence of
a
     new base triplet, G.cntdot.AT. This information should help identify
     appropriate target sequences for purine-motif triplex formation and
     demonstrates the power of REPSA for investigating ligand-DNA
interactions.
     175446-97-6
ΙT
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU
     (Occurrence)
        (triplexes contg.; anal. by combinatorial method REPSA of
        sequence specificity of triplex DNA formation)
RN
     175446-97-6 HCAPLUS
     Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-, compd. with 2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
CN
     thymidine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
          23339-47-1
     CRN
     CMF C20 H26 N7 O10 P
     CDES 5:B-D-ERYTHRO, B-D-ERYTHRO
```

CM 2

CRN 961-07-9 CMF C10 H13 N5 O4 CDES 5:B-D-ERYTHRO

1)uplicate

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 35

of

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ANSWER 35 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
     1995:994345 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     124:146851
ΤI
     Preparation of oligomeric peptide nucleic acid (PNA) combinatorial
     libraries and improved methods of synthesis
ΤN
     Cook, Philip Dan; Kiely, John; Sprankle, Kelly
PΑ
     Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 103 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                             DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
                             -----
                      A1 19950831
                                            WO 1995-US2182
                                                              19950222
PΙ
     WO 9523163
         W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW,
             MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US,
             UZ, VN
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     US 5539083
                             19960723
                                             US 1994-200742
                                                               19940223
                       Α
     CA 2183371
                       AA
                             19950831
                                             CA 1995-2183371
                                                               19950222
     AU 9519261
                             19950911
                                            AU 1995-19261
                                                               19950222
                       Α1
                       B2
                             19971204
     AU 684152
     JP 09503523
                        T2
                             19970408
                                             JP 1995-522421
                                                               19950222
     EP 777678
                       A1
                             19970611
                                            EP 1995-911848
                                                               19950222
     EP 777678
                       В1
                             19991013
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT,
SE
                       Α2
                             19990803
                                             JP 1998-322576
     JP 11209393
                                                               19950222
     AT 185572
                                            AT 1995-911848
                       Ε
                             19991015
                                                               19950222
     US 5864010
                                            US 1996-587648
                       A
                             19990126
                                                               19960117
                                            US 1996-693144
     US 5831014
                       Α
                             19981103
                                                               19960813
PRAI US 1994-200742
                       19940223
     JP 1995-522421
                       19950222
     WO 1995-US2182
                       19950222
AΒ
     New sub-monomer synthetic methods for the prepn. of peptide nucleic acid
     oligomeric structures, useful as inhibitors of enzymes such as
     phospholipase A2 and for the treatment of inflammatory diseases including
     atopic dermatitis and inflammatory bowel disease (no data), are
disclosed,
     that provide for the synthesis of both predefined sequence peptide
nucleic
     acid oligomers as well as random sequence peptide nucleic acid oligomers.
     Further these methods also provide for the incorporation of peptide
```

amino acids in chimeric peptide nucleic acid-amino acid compds. Further disclosed are methods of making random libraries of peptide nucleic acids using the fully preformed monomers. Thus, a combinatorial library of chimeric peptide nucleic acid oligomers was prepd. using

nucleic acid units or strings of such units with amino acids or strings

Searched by John Dantzman

1-[(N2-benzyloxycarbonyl-N6-benzyloxy-2-aminopurin-9-yl)acetyl]-2oxomorpholine (I), 1-[(N6-benzyloxycarbonyladenin-9-yl)acetyl]-2oxomorpholine (II), 1-[(N4-benzyloxycarbonylcytosin-1-yl)acetyl]-2oxomorpholine (III), and 1-(thymin-1-ylacetyl)-2-oxomorpholine (IV),
which

involved coupling of IV to a MBHA resin, Mitsunobu reaction of the resulting N-(thymin-1-ylacetyl)-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)glycine-MBHA resin with (Boc)2NH using Ph3P and di-Et azodicarboxylate, random coupling of the resulting N-(thymin-1-ylacetyl)-N-(2-aminoethyl)glycine-MBHA resin with a mixt. of I, II, III, and IV followed by Mitsunobu reaction for converting the terminal hydroxy group to the terminal amine moieties, repeating the latter procedure for extension of backbone and addn. of further nucleoside

bases to complete the oligomer of the desired length, addn. of a peptide to the peptide nucleic acid unit using std. solid phase Merrifield peptide

synthesis, and cleavage of peptide nucleic acid oligomers from the resin. IT 172729-50-9P 172729-69-0P 172729-73-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of oligomeric peptide nucleic acid (PNA) combinatorial libraries and improved methods of synthesis)

RN 172729-50-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3,6,9,12,15-Pentaazaheptadecanoic acid,

3,9-bis[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-

dioxo-1(2H)-pyrimidinyl)acetyl]-7,13,16-trioxo-17-[6-(phenylmethoxy)-2-

[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]-15-[2-(2,2,5,5-tetramethyl-1-aza-2,5-disilacyclopent-1-yl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 172729-69-0 HCAPLUS

2,5,8,11-Tetraazatridecanedioic acid, 5-[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)-pyrimidinyl)acetyl]-7-oxo-11-[[6-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-,
1-[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 172729-73-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-[[[(2-aminoethyl)[[6-(phenylmethoxy)-2-

[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]amino]acetyl]amino]e
 thyl]-N-[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)-pyrimidinyl)acetyl]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 36

```
ANSWER 36 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
ΑN
     1995:969426 HCAPLUS
     124:9344
DN
ΤI
     Random oligonucleotide libraries and methods of making the same
     Cook, Phillip Dan; Ecker, David J.; Acevedo, Oscar L.; Davis, Peter W.
ΙN
     Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                             DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
                       ____
                             _____
                             19950713
                                            WO 1995-US266
ΡI
     WO 9518868
                      A1
                                                              19950109
         W: CA, JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     US 5587471
                       Α
                             19961224
                                            US 1994-179972
                                                              19940111
     US 6001993
                       Α
                             19991214
                                            US 1996-768102
                                                              19961216
PRAI US 1994-179972
                      19940111
     The invention provides methods of analyzing and evaluating
     phosphorus-bearing monomeric units [particularly nucleotides and analogs] .
     as to their suitability for use in prepg. random oligomer libraries. The
     invention also provides methods for prepg. such random oligomer libraries from the selected monomers. For example, four DNA amidites were prepd.,
     namely amidites of 2'-O-methylguanosine (mG), 2'-O-methyladenosine (mA),
     2'-O-butylimidazolyladenosine (biA), and 2'-O-nonylcytidine (nC). These
     were coupled to the supported monomer dT-CPG (CPG = controlled-pore
glass)
     to assess coupling efficiency. Based on the resulting unequal
     incorporations, new amts. for addn. of each monomer were derived, which
     then gave nearly equal incorporations of the monomers. These and other
     monomers were used to prep. several oligonucleotide libraries with both
     random ("N") and variable, unique fixed ("X") positions. The oligomer
     libraries were evaluated in sequential rounds for activity as inhibitors
     of PLA2, LTB4, or HIV. In the PLA2 inhibition example, the
     oligonucleotide XNNN(dT) [N = equimolar mixt. of 12 nucleotides and
     analogs, including mA, nC, dG, dT, egCB, and egIM] was most active (IC50
     of 30 .mu.M) for X = nC. In turn, the oligomer (nC)XNN(dT) was most
     active (20 .mu.M) for X = nC, and (nC)(nC)XN(dT) was most active (10
     .mu.M) for X = dG, with the ultimate unique oligomer with greatest
     activity (2 .mu.M) being (nC) (nC) (dG) (dT) (dT).
ΙT
     170471-33-7P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (high-activity oligomer; prepn. and evaluation of random
        oligonucleotide libraries)
     170471-33-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Thymidine, 2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-
CN
     (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Me-
$$(CH_2)_8$$
- O CH_2 - OH

O
 CH_2 - OH

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=> d bib abs hitstr 144 37

- L44 ANSWER 37 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1995:849947 HCAPLUS
- DN 123:329937
- TI Drug Leads from Combinatorial Phosphodiester Libraries
- AU Davis, Peter W.; Vickers, Timothy A.; Wilson-Lingardo, Laura; Wyatt, Jacqueline R.; Guinosso, Charles J.; Sanghvi, Yogesh S.; DeBaets, Elizabeth A.; Acevedo, Oscar L.; Cook, P. Dan; Ecker, David J.
- CS Isis Pharmaceuticals Inc., Karlovy Vary, CA, 92008, USA
- SO J. Med. Chem. (1995), 38(22), 4363-6 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Deconvolution of a combinatorial library of pentamers composed of native and modified nucleosides plus imidazole, carbazole and amine building blocks has yielded two novel phosphodiester inhibitors of phospholipase
- and leukotriene B4. Although these structures do not contain features in common with known inhibitors, their activities are similar to substances identified from natural product screening. This represents a further validation of the combinatorial approach for the rapid discovery of lead drug candidates.
- IT 170471-33-7 170471-35-9 170471-36-0 170471-37-1 170471-39-3 170471-42-8 170471-43-9
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)
 - (drug leads from combinatorial phosphodiester
 - libraries using modified nucleoside and imidazole and carbazole and amine building blocks in relation to phospholipase A2 and leukotriene B4 inhibition)
- RN 170471-33-7 HCAPLUS
- CN Thymidine, 2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 170471-35-9 HCAPLUS
CN Thymidine, 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-O-nonylcytidylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

H₂N
$$\stackrel{\circ}{H}$$
 $\stackrel{\circ}{H}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{H}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{CH_2}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{CH_2}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{CH_2}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{CH_2}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{CH_2}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{O}$ $\stackrel{\circ$

PAGE 2-A

RN

CN

170471-36-0 HCAPLUS
Thymidine, 2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

(3'.fwdarw.5') - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 170471-37-1 HCAPLUS
CN Guanosine, 2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-O-nonylcytidylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Me-(CH_2)_8-O CH_2-OH$$

$$O P-OH$$

$$O CH_2-O P-O$$

$$O CH_2-O P-O$$

$$O CH_2-O P-O$$

PAGE 2-A

RN CN

170471-39-3 HCAPLUS
Thymidine, 2'-O-nonylcytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-O-nonylcytidylyl(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 170471-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5'-Guanylic acid, 2'-deoxy-, mono[2-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-1-[[[[2-(9H-

PAGE 1-B

_NH2

```
170471-43-9 HCAPLUS
5'-Guanylic acid, 2'-deoxy-, mono[1-(9H-carbazol-9-ylmethyl)-2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl] ester, 3'-ester with
RN
CN
1-[5-0-[[2-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-1-
[[[2-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethoxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]met
hyl]ethoxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-erythro-pentofuranosyl]-1H-
     benzotriazole, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.
```

PAGE 2-A

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 38

```
ANSWER 38 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
    1995:784846 HCAPLUS
DN
    123:190480
    Methods for isolation of most abundant oligonucleotides from complex
TI
    Beutel, Bruce A.; Coppola, George R.; Sherman, Michael I.; Cook, Alan F.;
ΙN
    Fathi, Reza; Gao, Hetian; Rudolph, M. Jonathan; Bertelsen, Arthur H.
    Pharmagenics, Inc., USA
PΑ
    PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
                KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                                                         DATE
    _____
                          -----
                    ____
                                         _____
    WO 9506751 A1
W: AU, CA, JP, US
                          19950309
                                       WO 1994-US9728
                                                         19940826
PΤ
```

PRAI US 1993-115470 19930901 WO 1994-US9728 19940826

AU 9477170

AB The method of the present invention allows for screening of very large libraries of nucleic acids but does not require the reiterative PCR and binding steps customary in prior art methods. Instead there is only a single exposure to target followed by steps designed to identify those sequence that are most abundant in the selected mixt. Thus, double-stranded nucleic acids present in a mixt. thereof are converted to individual strands which are renatured under conditions which favor reannealing of the nucleic acids present at higher than av. concns. in

A1 19950322

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

AU 1994-77170

19940826

the

original mixt. The procedure can be used for identifying nucleic acids which bind to a target mol. or other compds. which bind to a target mol. (such as peptides or modified oligonucleotides) by using nucleic acids as a coding portion of a chimeric mol. which includes such compds. These chimeric mols. could be a combinatorial library comprising mols. contg. sep. target-binding and coding portions as described by Brenner and

Lerner

(Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 1992). A solid phase contg. a branched linker mol., one reactive group being protected with dimethoxytrityl and one with

FMOC, was prepd. This modified matrix allows selective synthesis of, for example, an oligonucleotide on either arm of the linker. Such a matrix was used to prep. an RNA combinatorial library and the enrichment method of the invention was used to identify RNA mols. With high affinity for basic fibroblast growth factor.

IT 167545-73-5P 167545-74-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of solid matrix with branched linker for construction of combinatorial libraries)

RN 167545-73-5 HCAPLUS

CN Adenosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-[3-[[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]propyl]-2-[(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

Absolute stereochemistry.

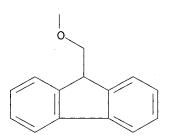
PAGE 1-A

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RN 167545-74-6 HCAPLUS

CN Adenosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-[3-[[(9H-

PAGE 2-A



167545-64-4DP, conjugates with resin ΙT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of solid matrix with branched linker for construction of

combinatorial libraries)

167545-64-4 HCAPLUS RN

Thymidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-P-(2-cyanoethyl)-2'-CN deoxy-N-[3-[[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]propyl]-2-[(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)amino]adenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-, 3'-(hydrogen butanedioate)

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 39

```
ANSWER 39 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
     1995:522048 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     123:103762
     Construction of a human genomic library of clones containing
TI
     poly(dG-dA).cntdot.poly(dT-dC) tracts by Mg2+-dependent triplex affinity
     capture. DNA polymorphism associated with the tracts
     Nishikawa, Naoko; Oishi, Michio; Kiyama, Ryoiti
ΑU
     Inst. Molecular and Cellular Biosciences, Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 113, Japan
CS
SO
     J. Biol. Chem. (1995), 270(16), 9258-64
     CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
     Microsatellite DNA is a useful tool for detecting DNA polymorphisms among
AΒ
     species or individuals, esp. those among closely related individuals. A
     library of clones was constructed that contained poly(dG-
     dA).cntdot.poly(dT-dC) tracts from human genomic DNA by Mg2+-dependent
     triplex DNA formation. Examn. of triplex DNA formation in the presence
of
     various metal ions Mg2+, Mn2+, or Zn2+ revealed that the procedure worked
     best in the presence of Mg2+. Affinity enrichment was performed with
     AluI-digested chromosomal DNA mixed with biotinylated (dG-dA)17 in the
     presence of Mg2+. A library constructed after three cycles of affinity
     enrichment showed that >80% of the clones contained at least one
     poly(dG-dA).cntdot.poly(dT-dC) tract. Most of them contained a perfect
     (dG-dA)n repeat 30-84 bp in length, whereas some contained variants such
     as (dC-dT)10-(dC)-(dC-dT)9. Using the clones from the library as a
probe,
     DNA polymorphisms assocd. with the repeat length of the tracts were
     detected in the Japanese population. A microsatellite instability was
     also detected among the tracts in a cancer tissue sample.
ΙT
     29627-66-5
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological
     study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (construction of a human genomic library of clones contg.
        poly(dG-dA).cntdot.poly(dT-dC) tracts by Mg2+-dependent triplex
        affinity capture and DNA polymorphism assocd. with the tracts)
    29627-66-5 HCAPLUS
Adenosine, 2'-deoxy-5'-O-phosphonoguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-,
RN
CN
     homopolymer, complex with 5'-O-phosphonothymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxycytidine homopolymer (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          49718-20-9
     CMF
          (C20 H26 N10 O12 P2)x
     CCI
          PMS
               2
          CM
          CRN 38665-19-9
          CMF C20 H26 N10 O12 P2
          CDES 5:B-D-ERYTHRO, B-D-ERYTHRO
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

3 CM

36906-84-0 CRN

(C19 H27 N5 O14 P2)x ${\tt CMF}$

CCI PMS

> CM4

CRN 2147-10-6

CMF C19 H27 N5 O14 P2

CDES 5:B-D-ERYTHRO, B-D-ERYTHRO

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 40

```
ANSWER 40 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
ΑN
     1994:597006 HCAPLUS
DN
     121:197006
ΤI
     Screening of a mouse/human Y-chromosomal cosmid library for gene
     candidates and markers by using (short) oligonucleotide probes
     Traeger, Thorsten; Schmidt, Petra; Epplen, Jorg T.
ΑU
CS
     Ruhr Univ., Bochum, Germany
     Electrophoresis (1994), 15(7), 871-9
SO
     CODEN: ELCTDN; ISSN: 0173-0835
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AΒ
     A comprehensive approach is described for the identification of sequences
     of interest from a human Y chromosomal cosmid library via (short)
     consensus oligonucleotide probes. It involves the ordering of cosmid
     clones grown in microtiter plates onto small filter membranes by a robot
     workstation. A high no. of the clones are characterized by their
     repetitive sequence content, either by ubiquitously interspersed simple
     tandem blocks or by Y-specific elements. The Y chromosomal repeat (DYZ2) appears underrepresented in the library. In contrast many novel
     microsatellite marker systems can now be developed for the Y chromosome
on
     the basis of the simple repeat blocks described here. Though novel genes
     were not yet delineated so far, a no. of candidate sequences with high
     coding potential and other interesting characteristics are described.
ΙT
     69374-98-7 80458-01-1 82709-23-7
     89991-79-7 139593-83-2 157931-98-1
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
         (CpG island probe; screening of human Y-chromosomal cosmid
      library for gene candidates and markers using short
        oligonucleotide probes)
     69374-98-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cytidine,
CN
2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
     deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

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HÓ

RN 80458-01-1 HCAPLUS Cytidine, CN 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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Searched by John Dantzman

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82709-23-7 HCAPLUS RN

Cytidine, CN

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 2-C

_NH2

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RN 89991-79-7 HCAPLUS
CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-
(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-
(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-
(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA
INDEX
NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

Searched by John Dantzman

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Searched by John Dantzman

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RN 139593-83-2 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine,

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 3-A

$$R = 0$$
 $R = 0$
 $O =$

RN 157931-98-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine,

2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 2-B

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 41

- L44 ANSWER 41 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1994:573216 HCAPLUS
- DN 121:173216
- TI Self-replication of complementary nucleotide-based oligomers
- AU Sievers, D.; von Kledrowski, G.
- CS Inst. Organ. Chem. Biochem., Albert-Ludwigs-Univ., Freiburg, Germany
- SO Nature (London) (1994), 369(6477), 221-4 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The development of non-enzymic self-replicating systems based on autocatalytic template-directed reactions is a current objective of bioorg. chem. Typically, a self-complementary template mol. AB is synthesized autocatalytically from two complementary template fragments A and B. Natural replication of nucleic acids, however, utilizes complementary rather than self-complementary strands. Here the authors report on a minimal implementation of this type of replication based on cross-catalytic template-directed syntheses of hexadeoxynucleotide derivs.

from amino-trideoxynucleotides. In the authors' expts., two self-complementary and two complementary templates compete for their combinatorial synthesis from four common trimeric precursors. The authors

provide kinetic evidence that cross-catalytic self-replication of complementary templates can proceed with an efficiency similar to that of autocatalytic self-replication of self-complementary templates. The authors observe selective stimulation of template synthesis, and thus information transfer, on seeding the reaction mixts. with one of four chem. labeled templates bearing the sequence of the reaction products. The authors' results bring a stage closer the development of schemes that might explain how replicating systems based on nucleic acids arose on the prebiotic Earth.

IT 157685-00-2P 157685-01-3P 157685-02-4P 157685-03-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, combinatorial, self-replication of complementary vs. self-complementary templates in relation to)

RN 157685-00-2 HCAPLUS

CN 3'-Guanylic acid, 5'-azido-2',5'-dideoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylylimino-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2',5'-

dideoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy, 3'-(2-chlorophenyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

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PAGE 2-B

RN 157685-01-3 HCAPLUS

CN 3'-Guanylic acid, 5'-azido-2',5'-dideoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylylimino-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2',5'-

PAGE 1-B

Searched by John Dantzman

PAGE 2-B

RN 157685-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN 3'-Guanylic acid, 5'-azido-2',5'-dideoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylylimino-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2',5'-

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RN

157685-03-5 HCAPLUS
3'-Guanylic acid, 5'-azido-2',5'-dideoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylylimino-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2',5'-CN

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Searched by John Dantzman

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L44 ANSWER 42 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1994:500749 HCAPLUS

DN 121:100749

TI Light-generated oligonucleotide arrays for rapid DNA sequence analysis

AU Pease, Ann Caviani; Solas, Dennis; Sullivan, Edward J.; Cronin, Maureen T.; Holmes, Christopher P.; Fodor, Stephen P. A.

CS Affymetrix, Santa Clara, CA, 95051, USA

SO Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1994), 91(11), 5022-6 CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

DT Journal

LA English

AB In many areas of mol. biol. there is a need to rapidly ext. and analyze genetic information; however, current technologies for DNA sequence anal. are slow and labor intensive. The authors report here how modern photolithog, techniques can be used to facilitate sequence anal. by generating miniaturized arrays of densely packed oligonucleotide probes. These probe arrays, or DNA chips, can then be applied to parallel DNA hybridization anal., directly yielding sequence information. In a preliminary expt., a 1.28 .times. 1.28 cm array of 256 different octanucleotides was produced in 16 chem. reaction cycles, requiring 4 h

complete. The hybridization pattern of fluorescently labeled oligonucleotide targets was then detected by epifluorescence microscopy. The fluorescence signals from complementary probes were 5-35 times stronger than those with single or double base-pair hybridization mismatches, demonstrating specificity in the identification of complementary sequences. This method should prove to be a powerful tool for rapid investigations in human genetics and diagnostics, pathogen detection, and DNA mol. recognition.

IT 156876-24-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and coupling reaction with dimethoxytrityl-hexaethyloxy-O-cyanoethyl phosphoramidite of, for octadeoxyribonucleotide combinatorial library prepn. using photolithog.)

RN 156876-24-3 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-(phenoxyacetyl)-, 5'-[1-(6-nitro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)ethyl carbonate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

PAGE 1-B

```
ANSWER 43 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
AN
     1992:100255 HCAPLUS
DN
     116:100255
ΤI
     Sequence-specific DNA purification by triplex affinity capture
ΑU
     Ito, Takashi; Smith, Cassandra L.; Cantor, Charles R.
     Dep. Mol. Cell Biol., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA, 94720, USA Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1992), 89(2), 495-8
CS
SO
     CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     A DNA isolation procedure was developed by using triple-helix formation
AΒ
     and magnetic sepn. In this procedure, target DNA is captured by a
     biotinylated oligonucleotide via intermol. triplex formation, bound to
     streptavidin-coated magnetic beads, and recovered in double-stranded form by elution with a mild alk. buffer that destabilizes the triple helix.
     The effectiveness of the procedure was demonstrated by a model expt. with
     artificially reconstructed library and, also, by the isolation of
     dT-dC)n.(dG-dA)n dinucleotide repeats from a human genomic library.
     procedure provides a prototype for other triplex-mediated DNA isolation
     technologies.
IT
     36833-12-2P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
         (dinucleotide repeat, isolation from human genomic library
        of, by triplex affinity capture and magnetic sepn.)
RN
     36833-12-2 HCAPLUS
     Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-5'-O-phosphonoadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy-,
CN
     homopolymer, complex with
2'-deoxy-5'-0-phosphonocytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     thymidine homopolymer (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
           49717-92-2
     CMF
           (C19 H27 N5 O14 P2)x
     CCI
           PMS
           CM
                2
           CRN
                15561-99-6
                C19 H27 N5 O14 P2
           CDES 5:B-D-ERYTHRO, B-D-ERYTHRO
```

CM 3

CRN 49717-71-7

CMF (C20 H26 N10 O12 P2)x

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 4336-86-1

CMF C20 H26 N10 O12 P2

CDES 5:B-D-ERYTHRO, B-D-ERYTHRO

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
ANSWER 44 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
AN
     1992:1542 HCAPLUS
DN
     116:1542
ΤI
     Construction and characterization of a NotI linking library of human
     chromosome 21
     Saito, Akihiko; Abad, Jose P.; Wang, Denan; Ohki, Misao; Cantor, Charles
ΑU
     R.; Smith, Cassandra L.
CS
     Sch. Med., Niigata Univ., Niigata, 951, Japan
     Genomics (1991), 10(3), 618-30
SO
     CODEN: GNMCEP; ISSN: 0888-7543
DT
     Journal
     English
LΑ
AB
     Effective procedures have been developed for constructing NotI linking
     libraries starting from chromosome-specific genomic libraries. Fifteen
     different single copy and two rDNA NotI linking clones from human
     chromosome 21 were identified in two libraries. Their chromosomal origin
     was confirmed, and regional location established using hybrid cell
panels.
     Hybridization expts. with these probes revealed pairs of genomic NotI
     fragments, each ranging in size from <0.05 to 4.0 Mb. Many fragments
     displayed cell type variation. The total size of the NotI fragments detected in a human bibroblast cell line (GM6167) and mouse hybrid cell
     contg. chromosome 21 as its only human component (WAV17) were approx. 32
     and 34 Mb, resp. If these fragments were all nonoverlapping, this would
     correspond to about 70% of the 50-Mb content estd. for the whole
     chromosome. The linking clones will be enormously useful in the
     subsequent construction of a NotI restriction map of this chromosome.
     Characterization of these clones indicates the presence of numerous
addnl.
     sites for other enzymes that recognize sequences contq. CpG. Thus, most
     NotI linking clones appear to derive from CpG islands and probably
     identify the 5' end of genes.
     15178-66-2
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
         (islands, in human chromosome 21, NotI linking library
        construction in relation to)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

INDEX NAME)

15178-66-2 HCAPLUS

RN

CN (CA Guanosine, 2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI)

ANSWER 45 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L44

ΑN 1991:402354 HCAPLUS

DN 115:2354

ΤI Saturating the region of the polycystic kidney disease gene with NotI linking clones

Himmelbauer, Heinz; Germino, Greg G.; Ceccherini, Isabella; Romeo, ΑU Giovanni; Reeders, Stephen T.; Frischauf, Anna Maria Imp. Cancer Res. Fund, London, WC2A 3PX, UK

CS

Am. J. Hum. Genet. (1991), 48(2), 325-34 SO CODEN: AJHGAG; ISSN: 0002-9297

DTJournal

LA English

AΒ A NotI-linking library was constructed from a radiation hybrid contg. fragments of human chromosome 16. The clones were mapped on a panel of somatic cell hybrids, and 10 different NotI site-contg. clones were localized close to and between genetic markers flanking the PKD1 locus. With pulsed-field gel anal. the clones were shown to be distributed over four adjacent ClaI fragments covering 1200 kb.

IT 15178-66-2

RL: PRP (Properties)

(islands, identification of genes assocd. with, using NotI-linking library)

RN 15178-66-2 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) CN

(CA

INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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=> d bib abs hitstr 144 46
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Absolute stereochemistry.

```
ANSWER 46 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
     1990:71609 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     112:71609
     An efficient directional cloning system to construct cDNA libraries
TI
     containing full-length inserts at high frequency
ΑU
     Miki, Toru; Matsui, Toshimitsu; Heidaran, Mohammad A.; Aaronson, Stuart
Α.
     Lab. Cell. Mol. Biol., Natl. Cancer Inst., Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA
CS
     Gene (1989), 83(1), 137-46
SO
     CODEN: GENED6; ISSN: 0378-1119
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AB
     A high efficiency cDNA cloning system is developed which can direct the
     orientation of inserts in .lambda.-plasmid composite vectors with large
     cloning capacities. Cleavage of the vector DNA by SfiI creates two different nonsym. 3' extensions at the ends of the vector arms. Using a
     linker-primer and an adaptor, cDNA is prepd. so it has two different
     sticky ends which can be ligated to those of the vector arms. When the
     cDNA fragments and the vector arms are mixed, both the mols. can assemble
     without self-circularization due to base-pairing specificity. Ligation
of
     the cDNA-vector mixt. produces the concetemers from which phage clones
     carrying a single cDNA insert in the desired orientation can be formed
     very efficiently by in vitro packaging. This system provides: (1) high
     cloning efficiency [107-109 clones/.mu.g poly(A) + RNA], (2) low
background
     (more than 90% of the clones contain inserts), (3) directional insertion
     of cDNA fragments into the vectors, (4) presence of a single insert in
     each clone, (5) accommodation of long inserts (up to 10 kb), (6) a
     mechanism for rescue of the plasmid part from the .lambda. genome, and
(7)
     a straightforward protocol for library prepn. Screenings of cDNA
     libraries constructed by this method demonstrated that cDNAs of up to 6.4
     kb, contg. complete coding sequences, could be isolated at high
     efficiency. Thus, this cloning system should be useful for the isolation
     of cDNAs of relatively long transcripts, present even at low abundance,
in
     cells.
ΙT
     125180-30-5
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (as DNA insert, in construction of cDNA library, cloning
        system for)
     125180-30-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Guanosine, thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-
CN
     deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-
     (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-
     (3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-
     2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

PAGE 1-B

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```
ANSWER 47 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
     1989:528223 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     111:128223
     Isolating DNA segments from cloned libraries without screening by
ΤI
affinity
     selection of PCR products
ΑU
     Lew, Andrew M.; Kemp, David J.
CS
     Walter and Eliza Hall Inst. Med. Res., Melbourne, 3050, Australia
SO
     Nucleic Acids Res. (1989), 17(14), 5859-60
     CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     The recognition site for a dsDNA binding protein, the yeast regulatory
AΒ
     protein GCN4, is only 10 bp. Incorporation of such a sequence in a
     specific oligonucleotide allows for affinity selection by GCN4 of PCR
     products. It requires an oligonucleotide commencing at the 5' end with
     the GCN4 recognition sequence (GGATGACTCA) followed by 20 bases of known
     sequence and an oligonucleotide derived from the vector, in this case
     .lambda.. PCR was done with these 2 oligonucleotides and DNA from a
     .lambda.gt10 cDNA library for 20 cycles at 95.degree. .times. 1 min,
     70.degree. .times. 1.5 min. Meanwhile the fusion protein glutathione
     S-transferase-GCN4 was coated at .apprx.50 .mu.g/mL PBS for 2 h at room
     temp. or overnight at 4.degree. on polypropylene tubes which were to be
     used for the next set of PCR. The tubes were washed 3.times. with PBS.
     The entire PCR reaction mixt. was transferred to these tubes, incubated
     for 1 h at room temp. and washed 3.times. with PBS. This eliminates
     .lambda.DNA and single-stranded oligonucleotides. A second set of PCR
     using fresh reagents was done, for 30 cycles. This produces a visible
     band on ethidium bromide staining. Gel purifn. of the band and direct sequencing with DMSO confirmed that the DNA was the segment of interest
     (the full cDNA sequence was already known). Multiple clones of varying
     length should still be amenable to sequencing en masse from the internal
     oligonucleotide, although not from the .lambda. oligonucleotide.
IT
     122629-07-6
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (gene GCN4 protein recognition site, clone library DNA
        segment affinity selection by, after PCR amplification)
     122629-07-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Guanosine, 2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-
(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-
2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-thymidylyl-
     (5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-
     (5'.fwdarw.3')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.
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PAGE 2-C

__ NH2

PAGE 3-B

- L44 ANSWER 48 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1983:448454 HCAPLUS
- DN 99:48454
- ${\tt TI}$ Stretches of alternating poly(T-dG), with the capacity to form Z-DNA, are present in human liver transcripts
- AU Santoro, C.; Costanzo, F.
- CS Eur. Mol. Biol. Lab., Heidelberg, 6900, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO FEBS Lett. (1983), 155(1), 69-72 CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A cDNA clone consisting of a stretch of poly(T-dG) [29627-68-7] alternating residues, a potential Z-DNA-forming sequence, was identified in a human cDNA library. The result of northern blot anal. confirms that this sequence is transcribed into polyadenylated RNA in human liver.

```
ANSWER 26 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
      1997:12505 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
      126:47111
     Methods for synthesizing diverse collections of pyridines, pyrimidines,
TΙ
      1,4-dihydro derivatives thereof, and piperidine derivatives
IN
      Gordeev, Mikhail F.; Patel, Dinesh V.
      Glaxo Group Limited, UK
PΑ
      PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.
SO
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT-1-
      PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                                  APPLICATION NO.
                                                  _____
      WO 9633972
                                 19961031
                                                  WO 1996-US5956
                                                                      19960429
                          Α1
               AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
               SG, SI
          RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
               IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN
      AU 9659180
                                 19961118
                                                  AU 1996-59180
                                                                      19960529
                          A1
PRAI US 1995-431083
                          19950428
     WO 1996-US5956
                          19960429
      CASREACT 126:47111; MARPAT 126:47111
GI
```

Disclosed are methods for <u>synthesizing very large collections</u> (combinatorial <u>libraries</u>) of <u>diverse dihy</u>dropyridine, dihydropyrimidine, pyridine, or pyrimidine compds. on solid supports. Also disclosed are methods for identifying and isolating dihydropyridine and dihydropyrimidine compds. with useful and diverse activities from such collections, including the incorporation of identification tags in such collections to facilitate identification of compds. with desired properties. Examples cover synthesis of a variety of such compds., with many potential biol. activities. For instance, 10 different resin-bound enamino esters such as R-NHC(Me):CHCO2CH2Ph [R = Rink or TentaGel RAM Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

resin] were prepd. sep. by condensation of amine resins with 10 .beta.-keto esters such as MeCOCH2CO2Ph. These were pooled, split into

10

portions, and each portion was cyclocondensed with MeCOCH2CO2Me and 1 of 10 arom. aldehydes such as o-fluorobenzaldehyde. Cleavage of the resins with CF3CO2H in CH2Cl2 gave 10 pools of dihydropyridine derivs., which were tested for calcium blockade activity using a cortex membrane binding assay. The assay indicated greatest activity for o-nitro- and o-fluorobenzaldehyde derivs., which were then deconvoluted by parallel synthesis of individual pool members. Preferred compds. showing IC50

<100

nM included the known agent nifedipine, its Et ester analog, and the fluoro compd. I. A variety of substituted nicotinic acids, pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidines, and amino acid-contg. 2-aminopyrimidines were prepd.

ΙT 184681-96-7P 184682-16-4P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of libraries of pyridines, pyrimidines, their 1,4-dihydro derivs., and piperidines)

RN 184681-96-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinecarboxamide, 4-[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)pyrimidinyl)methoxy]-1-[4-(2-thienylmethyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2pyrimidinyl]-, (2S-trans)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

184682-16-4 HCAPLUS RN

L-Proline, (4R)-4-[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)-CN

pyrimidinyl)methoxy]-1-[4-(3-pyridinyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 17 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L44

1998:16464 HCAPLUS ΑN

DN 128:18388

Strategies for Rapid Deconvolution of Combinatorial Libraries: ΤI

Comparative

Evaluation Using a Model System

Konings, Danielle A. M.; Wyatt, Jacqueline R.; Ecker, David J.; Freier, ΑU Susan M.

CS ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Carlsbad, CA, 92008, USA

J. Med. Chem. (1997), 40(26), 4386-4395 CODEN: JMCMAR; 155N: 0022-2623 SO

American Chemical Society PB

DTJournal

English LA

Synthesis and testing of complex mixts. maximize the no. of compds. that AB can be prepd. and tested in a combinatorial library. When mixts. of compds. are screened, however, the identity of the compd.(s) selected may depend on the deconvolution procedure employed. Previously, we developed a model system for evaluation of deconvolution procedures and used it to compare pooling strategies for iterative and noniterative deconvolution. We have now extended the model studies to include simulations of procedures with overlapping subsets such as subtractive pooling, bogus coin pooling, and orthogonal pooling. These strategies required synthesis

and testing of fewer subsets than did the more traditional nonoverlapping iterative strategies. The compds. identified using simulations of these strategies, however, were not the most active compds. in the library and were substantially less active than those identified by simulations of more traditional strategies.

IT 199439-06-0

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological

study); USES (Uses)

(four strategies for rapid deconvolution of combinatorial libraries)

199439-06-0 HCAPLUS RN

Adenosine, uridylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-guanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-guanylyl-CN (3'.fwdarw.5')-guanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-cytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

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ANSWER 31 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
     1996:407857 HCAPLUS
AN
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DN 125:184872

Novel bradykinin receptor antagonists from a structurally directed TТ non-peptide combinatorial library

Chakravarty, Sarvajit; Mavunkel, Babu J.; Goehring, R. Richard; Kyle, ΑU Donald J.

Scios Nova Inc., 820 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA, 94086, USA CS

Immunopharmacology (1996), 33(1-3, Papers presented at KININ '95, SO Fourteenth International Symposium on Bradykinin and Related Kinins, 1995), 61-67 CODEN: IMMUDP; ISSN: 0162-3109

DT Journal

LA English

GΙ

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT * 1
- A series of non-peptide combinatorial libraries were prepd. and tested as AΒ bradykinin receptor antagonists; there were 146 compds. in all with a generic structure of D-Arg-Arg-X-Y-Arg where X and Y were selected from pools of carbocyclic and heterocyclic building blocks. Among these

building blocks, 4 were linear aminoalkanoic acids, 4 were cinnamic

3 were carbolines, 3 were phenanthridinones, and 5 were spirocyclics. Receptor binding assays showed I and II to be promising new leads.

ΙT 180985-18-6P

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(novel bradykinin receptor antagonists from a structurally directed non-peptide combinatorial library)

180985-18-6 HCAPLUS RN

CN dimethyl-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]butyl]amino]-5-oxo-1,3pentadienyl]phenyl]methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]amino]phenyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-B

```
ANSWER 25 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
     1997:134075 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     126:246264
ΤI
     Spectrometrically monitored selection experiments: quantitative laser
     desorption mass spectrometry of small chemical libraries
ΑU
     Berlin, Kurt; Jain, Rishi K.; Tetzlaff, Charles; Steinbeck, Christoph;
     Richert, Clemens
CS
     Dep. Chem., Tufts Univ., Medford, MA, 02155, USA
     Chem. Biol. (1997), 4(1), 63-77
SO
     CODEN: CBOLE2; ISSN: 1074-5521
PΒ
     Current Biology
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AΒ
     Selection expts. involving chem. libraries are routinely used in the
     pharmaceutical industry for finding and optimizing lead compds. In
     principle, almost any process involving a binding event or a reaction
     could be probed systematically with chem. libraries prepd. by
     combinatorial synthesis. Traditionally, however, the vast majority of
     library members cannot be monitored during the selection, making a
     systematic correlation of structure and activity difficult. To interpret
     selection expts. on the level of all library components, monitoring
     technologies are required that give a unique and quant. spectroscopic
     signal for every compd. in a mixt. Quant. matrix-assisted laser
     desorption mass spectrometry of libraries of porphyrins and peptide-DNA
     hybrids consisting of 2-35 compds. is described. Porphyrin libraries
were
     subjected to in vitro selections for liposome incorporation and binding
t.o
     a protein pocket. It was shown that mesohydroxyphenyl substituted
     porphyrins, known high activity photosensitizers of tumors, are
     preferentially incorporated in liposome membranes. A mixt. of
peptide-DNA
     hybrids was assayed for the nuclear stability of its components.
     libraries of non-isobaric compds. can be exhaustively or
near-exhaustively
     monitored by mass spectrometry. Monitored selection expts. can yield
     detailed structure-activity maps in a single expt., speeding up drug
     discovery and the probing of biochem. relevant recognition events. It is
     proposed that monitored assays for target binding, membrane partitioning,
     and biostability could be run in parallel, to select drug candidates combining several favorable properties in 'multidimensional' selection
     expts.
IΤ
     188726-87-6
     RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);
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to porphyrins and peptide-DNA hybrids) RN 188726-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5'-[(N-acetyl-L-alanyl-L-tyrosyl-L-glutaminyl-L-isoleucyl-L-phenylalanyl)amino]-5'-deoxythymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxyadenylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(spectrometrically monitored selection expts. using quant. laser desorption mass spectrometry of small chem. libraries applied

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

ANSWER 24 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L44

AN 1997:142821 HCAPLUS

126:251019 DN

ΤI Combinatorial synthesis of 2,9-substituted purines

Gray, Nathanael S.; Kwon, Soojin; Schultz, Peter G. ΑU

Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Department of Chemistry, University of California, Berkeley CA, 94720, USA
Tetrahedron Lett (1997), 38(7), 1161-1164
CODEN: TELEAY; ISN 0040-4039 CS

SO

PΒ Elsevier

DT Journal

English LΑ

AΒ A method for the combinatorial synthesis of 2,9-disubstituted purines using a Mitsunobu reaction to alkylate the N-9 position and an amination reaction to install amines at the C-2 position has been developed.

ΙT **188644-38-4DP**, resin-bound **188644-39-5DP**, resin-bound 188644-40-8DP, resin-bound

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (combinatorial synthesis of 2,9-diaminopurines)

188644-38-4 HCAPLUS RN

Pentanoic acid, 5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-[2-(3-thienyl)ethyl]-9H-purin-6-CN yl]amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 188644-39-5 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid,

5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-(tetrahydro-3-furanyl)-9H-purin-6-yl]amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

RN 188644-40-8 HCAPLUS
CN Pentanoic acid,
5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-9H-purin6-yl]amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IT 188644-36-2DP, resin-bound 188644-37-3DP, resin-bound 188644-41-9DP, resin-bound 188644-42-0DP, resin-bound 188644-47-5P 188644-48-6P 188644-49-7P 188644-50-0P 188644-51-1P 188644-55-5P 188644-56-6P 188644-57-7P 188644-58-8P 188644-59-9P 188644-65-7P 188644-68-8P 188644-67-9P 188644-68-0P 188644-69-1P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (combinatorial synthesis of 2,9-diaminopurines) RN 188644-36-2 HCAPLUS Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-(phenylmethyl)-9H-purin-6-yl]amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

- RN 188644-37-3 HCAPLUS
- CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-(phenylmethyl)-9H-purin-6-yl](phenylmethyl)amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 188644-41-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-(1-phenylpropyl)-9H-purin-6-yl]amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 188644-42-0 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid,

5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-(1-phenylpropyl)-9H-purin-6-yl](1-phenylpropyl)amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 188644-43-1 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[4-[[[4-[[[2-fluoro-9-[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-9H-purin-6-yl]amino]methyl]phenyl]amino]methyl]-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 188644-47-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-9-[2-(3-thienyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH2} \\ \text{CH2} \\ \text{NH} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{MeO} \end{array}$$

RN 188644-48-6 HCAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-9-[2-(3-thienyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188644-49-7 HCAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl]-9-[2-(3-thienyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{NH} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2$$

RN 188644-50-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanol, .beta.-[[6-[[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]amino]-9-[2-(3-thienyl)ethyl]-9H-purin-2-yl]amino]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 188644-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-cyclohexyl-9-[2-(3-thienyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188644-55-5 HCAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-9-(tetrahydro-3-furanyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188644-56-6 HCAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-9-(tetrahydro-3-furanyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188644-57-7 HCAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl]-9-(tetrahydro-3-furanyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188644-58-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanol,

benzenepropanor,
beta.-[[6-[[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]amino]-9-(tetrahydro-3-furanyl)-9H-purin-2-yl]amino]-, [3(S)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 188644-59-9 HCAPLUS

9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-cyclohexyl-9-CN (tetrahydro-3-furanyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN188644-65-7 HCAPLUS

9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-9-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH2} \\ \text{CH2} \\ \text{NH} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{CH2} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{MeO} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 188644-66-8 HCAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-9-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188644-67-9 HCAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-9-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-N2-[2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{NH} \\ \text{NH} \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \end{array}$$

RN 188644-68-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanol, .beta.-[[6-[[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]amino]-9-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-9H-purin-2-yl]amino]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 188644-69-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Purine-2,6-diamine, N6-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-N2-cyclohexyl-9-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 23

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ANSWER 23 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L44
      1997:151137 HCAPLUS
ΑN
      126:251130
DN
      A novel and efficient approach for the combinatorial synthesis of
ΤI
      structurally diverse pyrimidines on solid support
      Obrecht, Daniel; Abrecht, Christine; Grieder, Alfred; Villalgordo, Jose
ΑU
Μ.
     Hoffmann-La Roche A.-G. Basel, CH-4070, Switz. Helv. Chim. Acta (1997), 80(1), 65-72 CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X
CS
SO
      Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta
PB
      Journal
DT
      English
LA
OS
      CASREACT 126:251130
GΙ
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AB A versatile approach for the synthesis of 2,4,6-trisubstituted pyrimidines

on solid support is described. Thus, polymer-bound thiouronium chloride reacted in high yield in a cyclocondensation reaction with RCOC.tplbond.CCO2CMe3 $\{R = Ph, 2-furyl, 5-benzo[1,3]dioxolyl\}$ to form, after ester cleavage, polymer-bound pyrimidinecarboxylates which were cleaved by oxidn. with MCPBA and pyrrolidine to give 85-90% pyrrolidinylpyrimidinecarboxylates I (R1 = OH) in 96-99% purities. Alternatively, Ugi 4-component condensation gave Ugi products such as I

formation of pyrimidine-4-carboxamides. This strategy combines efficiently solid-phase chem. which a multicomponent reaction and a multi-directional cleavage step to form highly diverse pyrimidines in a Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

parallel array.

IT 188633-51-4P 188633-52-5P 188633-53-6P

188633-54-7P 188633-55-8P 188633-57-0P

188633-59-2P 188633-61-6P 188633-63-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(combinatorial synthesis of pyrimidines on solid support)

RN 188633-51-4 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide,

N-[1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-3-methylbutyl]-N-

(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188633-52-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide, N-cyclohexyl-N-[1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-2-methylpropyl]-6-phenyl-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188633-53-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide,

N-[1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-2-methylpropyl]-6-phenyl-N-propyl-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

RN 188633-54-7 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide, N-[1-[(butylamino)carbonyl]-2-methylpropyl]-6-phenyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188633-55-8 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide,

N-[1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-2-methylpropyl]-

N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188633-57-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide,

N-[1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-3-methylbutyl]-N-

(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-6-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188633-59-2 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide,

N-[1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-3-methylbutyl]-N-

Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-2-[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 188633-63-8 HCAPLUS
CN 4-Pyrimidinecarboxamide, 2-azido-N-[1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-3-methylbutyl]-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d bib abs hitstr 144 11

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ANSWER 11 OF 48 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
T.44
AN
     1998:719165 HCAPLUS
DN
     129:331055
ΤI
     Improved preparation of oligomeric peptide nucleic acid (PNA)
     combinatorial libraries
     Cook, Phillip Dan; Kiely, John; Sprankle, Kelly
ΙN
     Isis Pharmaceuticals Inc, USA
PΑ
     U.S., 33 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,539,083.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DΤ
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                             DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                       ----
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                                             ______
                                             US 1996-693144
PΙ
     US 5831014
                        Α
                             19981103
                                                               19960813
     US 5539083
                                             US 1994-200742
                        Α
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                       A1
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             UZ, VN
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             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
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GI
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- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- AB New sub-monomer synthetic methods for the prepn. of peptide nucleic acid oligomeric structures are disclosed that provide for the synthesis of both

predefined sequence peptide nucleic acid oligomers as well as random sequence peptide nucleic acid oligomers. Further these methods also provide for the incorporation of peptide nucleic acid units or strings of such units with amino acids or strings of amino acids in chimeric peptide nucleic acid-amino acid compds. Further disclosed are methods of making random libraries of peptide nucleic acids using the fully preformed monomers. Thus, a combinatorial library of chimeric peptide nucleic acid oligomers was prepd. using protected 2-oxomorphilone building blocks

I-IV,
which involved coupling of IV to a MBHA resin, Mitsunobu reaction of the resulting resin-bound hydroxy adduct with (Boc)2NH using Ph3P and di-Et azodicarboxylate, random coupling of the resulting resin-bound peptide nucleic acid monomer with a mixt. of I, II, III, and IV followed by Mitsunobu reaction for converting the terminal hydroxy group to the terminal amine moieties, repeating the latter procedure for extension of Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

backbone and addn. of further nucleoside bases to complete the oligomer

of

the desired length, addn. of a peptide to the peptide nucleic acid unit using std. solid phase Merrifield peptide synthesis, and cleavage of peptide nucleic acid oligomers from the resin.

IT 172729-50-9P 172729-69-0P 172729-73-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (improved prepn. of oligomeric peptide nucleic acid (PNA)

combinatorial libraries)

RN 172729-50-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3,6,9,12,15-Pentaazaheptadecanoic acid,

3,9-bis[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-

dioxo-1(2H)-pyrimidinyl)acetyl]-7,13,16-trioxo-17-[6-(phenylmethoxy)-2-

[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]-15-[2-(2,2,5,5-tetramethyl-1-aza-2,5-disilacyclopent-1-yl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 172729-69-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,8,11-Tetraazatridecanedioic acid, 5-[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)-pyrimidinyl)acetyl]-7-oxo-11-[[6-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]-, 1-[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 172729-73-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-[[[(2-aminoethyl)[[6-(phenylmethoxy)-2-

[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]acetyl]amino]acetyl]amino]e
 thyl]-N-[(3,4-dihydro-5-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)-pyrimidinyl)acetyl]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Searched by John Dantzman

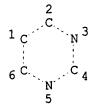
308-4488

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

=> d que 146

L25 STR



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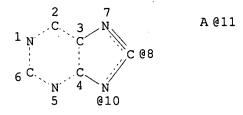
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L26 STR



VPA 11-8/10 U
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CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 6
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L27 STR

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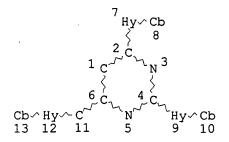
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L37 150422 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L35 OR L36

L45 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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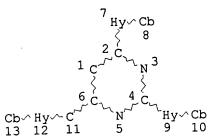
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L25 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
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CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 4
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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RSPEC I
NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L45 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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L2 50 S L1 Searched by John Dantzman 308-4488

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L20
          38947 S L15
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Searched by John Dantzman

308-4488

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